McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXI. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1884. NUMBER 31.

McKean County Miner

L. ROGERS, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

M[illegible] B. B. & K. R. R. leaves Smethport [illegible] a.m. and arrives at 4:35 [illegible] B. N. Y. & P. (Eldred Branch) ar[illegible] a.m. and leaves at 4 p.m. [illegible] Coleman Mail leaves at 12 m. [illegible] arrives at 2:30 p.m. [illegible] Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a.m. and departs at 12 [illegible] same days. [illegible] close before 1:30 and 2:30 p.m. [illegible] office open on Sunday for delivery of mail from 12 m. to 1 p.m.

W. A. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 388, F. & A. M., meets first Monday and fourth Wednesday of each month at 7½ o'clock p.m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

W. D. GALLUP, W. M.

[illegible] M. SMITH, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 158, meets every Tuesday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

SHERIDAN GORTON, M. W.

J. C. GALLUP, Recorder.

G. A. R.

Post 47 G. A. R. meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

A. J. Hughes, Adj't. E. F. WRIGHT, Com.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Friday evening at Backus Hall.

H. W. GEORGIA, N. G.

W. H. WESTRELL, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—E. P. Bennett, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a.m. and 7 p.m. every Sunday. Sabbath School immediately after morning service. Class Meeting at 10 a.m. [illegible]. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. S. S. Teacher's Meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. Choir Meetings Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

BAPTIST.—F. H. Gates, pastor. Preaching at half past 10 a.m. and half-past 7 p.m. Sunday school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 [illegible] Covenant meeting on Saturday before the first Sunday in every month. Lord's Supper every two months. All are welcome.

EPISCOPAL.—J. Hume McCampbell, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Additional service at 8 a.m. every [illegible] Sunday. Sunday school at 9 a.m. [illegible]

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—J. J. Gallagher, pastor. Mass at 11 a.m. [illegible] at 11:30 a.m. Sunday School at 3 p.m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

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Burgess—T. C. Backus.
Asst. Burgess—Frank Moses.
Council—A. N. Armstrong, Wm. Haner, A. D. [illegible], John Brennan, W. D. Gallup, Chris. [illegible]
Constable—H. L. Backus, [illegible]
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[illegible] A. Smith, P. Ford.
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Judge of Election—[illegible]
Inspectors—S. A. Backus, G. M. Smith.
Assessor—Warley Gifford.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport, Potter Co.
Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; [illegible] Bradford.
Member of Congress—W. W. Brown, Bradford.
State Senator—L. Emery, Jr., Bradford.
Member of Assembly—David Sterrett, Smethport.
District Attorney—E. McSweeney, Smethport.
Sheriff—A. I. Wilcox, Bradford.
Prothonotary, &c.—[illegible] Smethport.
County Treasurer—C. C. Melvin, Bradford.
Commissioners—T. P. Palmer, Dallas City; [illegible], Bradford; [illegible], Smethport.
Jury Commissioners—John E. Shoemaker, Smethport; [illegible]
Auditors—A. P. Brewer, T. K. Washburn, A. Stevens.
Mercantile Appraiser—L. H. Dunlap, East Smethport.
Surveyor—R. A. Bump, Bradford.
County School Superintendent—H. O. Campbell.
Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in January, Second Monday in September, and Third Monday of December.

State.

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Lieutenant Governor—Chauncey F. Black.
Auditor General—John A. Lemon.
State Treasurer—Silas M. Bailey.
Secretary of Internal Affairs—J. Simpson Africa.

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Land Office of the Bingham Estate, [illegible], Penn'a, Feb'y 25, 1879.

[illegible]

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AND COUNSELLOR IN PATENT CAUSES.

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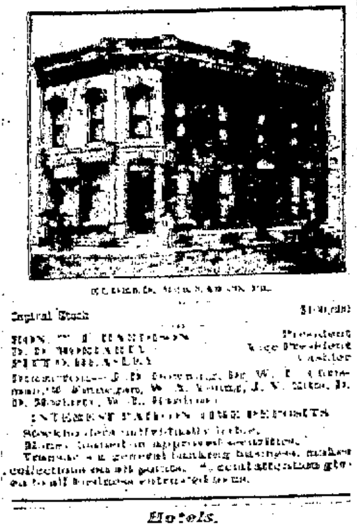

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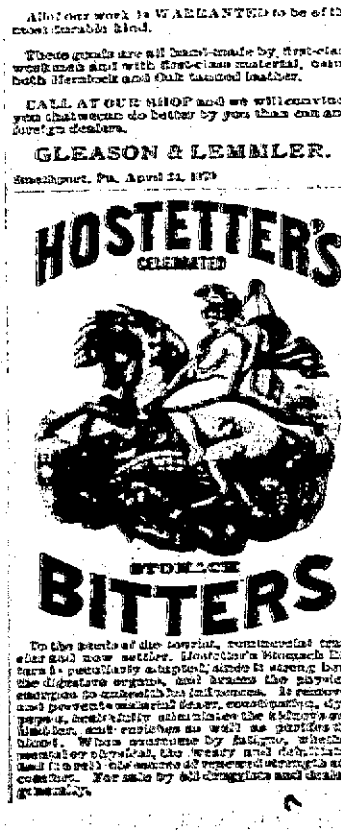
Smethport, Pa. April 21, 1879.



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CONQUERED AT LAST.

'You are to have the Coopers for neighbors, I hear,' said Mrs. Bailey, as she stopped on her way 'down town' to chat for a moment over the fence with her cousin, Mrs. Sunderland. 'Look out for squalls!'

Mrs. Sunderland paused in a her work of nipping the withered blossoms from a running rose to turn an inquiring glance toward the speaker.

'What is wrong about the Coopers? They are honest, sober, industrious folks, are they not?'

'All of that, with many other virtues beside,' Mrs. Bailey replied, laughing. 'Nevertheless, I'd rather have them live next door to you than to me.'

'Don't be so mysterious,' said Mrs. Sunderland, her good-humored face beginning to wear a shade of anxiety. 'Either tell me all there is to tell or tell me nothing.'

'There is nothing very dreadful to reveal, and what there is is no secret. You would have known Mrs. Cooper's reputation as well as everybody else in Greenville does if you were not a new comer. She is said to be the worst-tempered woman in town, and has never lived neighbor a month to any family without setting up a quarrel with them; therefore, I say, beware of squalls!'

Mrs. Sunderland did not think that the dangers her cousin had warned her to prepare for were of a very serious character, but being a woman 'wise in her generation,' she deemed it prudent to pour oil upon the waters before any signs of a storm became visible. A day or two after her new neighbors arrived, seeing Mrs. Cooper making some endeavor to improve the condition of a very neglected garden patch, Mrs. Sunderland stepped to the dividing fence and begged her neighbor's acceptance of a basketful of vegetables she had just gathered from her own thriving garden.

'It is so late in the season that I am afraid you won't be able to raise much in your garden this year,' she said, pleasantly, 'and as I have more garden truck than I can make use of, I shall be glad to have you help me dispose of it.'

Mrs. Cooper turned upon her a face that certainly was not very prepossessing, for it was dark, sallow and scowling, and when she spoke it was with such a misplacing of her aspirates as at once betrayed her to have been at no very distant date a subject of Queen Victoria.

'Hi'm much obliged to you, ma'am, and as you've hoffered the garden sass I'll accept it, but, as a general thing, me and my old man pays our own way, and don't care to be beholden to nobody.'

The lad Charlie she found it much easier to make friends with; he was a freckle faced, black eyed, youngster of twelve or thirteen, with a head thickly covered with closely coiled rings of auburn hair. Noticing him one morning wheeling away a lot of weeds and rubbish from his mother's garden, Mrs. Sunderland asked him if he would like to perform the same service for her—of course, for a remuneration. The offer was eagerly accepted, and after that Charlie Cooper earned many a dime by little services performed for the widow lady.

Frank Sunderland and he became quite well acquainted in the course of these labors, and, as a general thing, the two boys got along together remarkably well; but one day some accident happened to Charlie's wheelbarrow, and he chose to think Frank was the cause of the disaster. The evil temper which had hitherto lain dormant sprang suddenly to life, and Charlie gave utterance to such a torrent of profanity as utterly appalled not only Frank, but Frank's mother, who witnessed the scene from her kitchen window. She called Frank away at once, and, after a few words of rebuke to Charlie, spoken far more in sorrow than in anger, she sent him home, saying that she did not allow any who swore or used bad language to be the companion of her son.

Charlie departed in tears with his broken wheelbarrow, and probably gave an account of the trouble from his own point of view to his mother, for a few moments later Mrs. Sunderland was startled to see coming over her back fence first a cabbage, then a peck or so of potatoes, and finally the basket in which she had that morning sent to Mrs. Cooper the vegetables thus unceremoniously returned. An explanation of this surprising shower followed in Mrs. Cooper's voice:

'Hi'll thank you after this to keep yourself and everything belonging to you to yourself. Hif my boy haint fit society for your boy, we don't none of us want nothing to do with you.'

Of course, to such a speech as this no civil reply was possible, so Mrs. Sunderland quietly withdrew from the scene of action, leaving her neighbor in possession of the field. The predicted quarrel had come, greatly to Mrs. Sunderland's mortification; for to have it known to the whole town that she was at variance with her next door neighbor—as, thanks to Mrs. Cooper's unscrupulous tongue, it speedily was—was felt by the widow to be a real disgrace.

All that she could do to smooth matters over she did, with no effect, however, except that Mrs. Cooper subsided gradually from a ferocious into a sullen mood, but lost no opportunity of exhibiting her dislike and ill-will in the numberless little ways which a near neighbor can always make available.

The quarrel between the boys was of much shorter duration. In the course of a few days Charlie's red head was again seen bobbing over the division-fence, and Frank being responsive, the former intimacy was soon re-established. When September came and the schools reopened the two lads became school-mates and chum-mates.

Charlie was a bright boy, and his parents had kept him steadily at school, and were very proud of his attainments; but though he was two years older than Frank, the latter was more than his equal in school-standing. There was no brag about Frank, however, and there would probably have been no jealousy on Charlie's side had it not been excited by home influence. Mrs. Cooper was bitterly jealous and envious, and her sneers and innuendoes did much towards making her son as unreasonable and suspicious as herself.

A few months after the school opened, an examination was held for the purpose of promoting such of the scholars as were fitted for the advance to higher departments in the school. Frank Sunderland was the only boy in his class who was successful in passing the examination, though Charlie Cooper had not been far behind him and his heart, and his mother's as well, had been set upon his obtaining the promotion.

That he failed to do so was, in itself, a bitter disappointment, but that Frank should succeed where Charlie failed was a trial much harder to endure. Mrs. Cooper's undisciplined tongue wagged freely, and her opinion that the school was conducted upon the rankest principles of favoritism was widely disseminated. She would even have been foolish enough to withdraw Charlie from the school had not his father interposed his rarely exerted authority and put a positive veto upon any such absurd proceeding.

As usual, Charlie's wrath soon evaporated, and as there was now no occasion for actual rivalry between them, the two lads got along very harmoniously, and Frank was able to do many a kind turn for Charlie, which the latter, as a general thing, fully appreciated.

Though very well aware of the rumor of Mrs. Cooper's feelings toward her and Frank, Mrs. Sunderland was sensible enough to feel rather amused than irritated, even when Mrs. Cooper's conduct, on their chance meetings, verged upon actual insolence. The widow's cheerfulness and politeness continued to be quite invincible until the events of a certain morning proved to her that forbearance had at last ceased to be a virtue.

It was a cold day in January; Frank had gone to the well to draw a bucket of water, but found the well bucket half-full of ice, so that it would not sink when lowered into the water. His mother came to his assistance, but succeeded no better than he had done. Charlie Cooper was at the well in their own lot, scarcely a stone's throw distant, and he called out,

'Come fill your bucket here, Frank; our well is all right.'

Without stopping to ask permission, Frank scrambled over the fence, and soon the two lads were laughing and joking together as Charlie lowered the bucket. Just then Mrs. Cooper came out of the house and advanced towards them; she brought another bucket to fill, one that was already half full of water, which she was shaking around in the bucket, preparatory to throwing it out.

'What are you doing in my lot, sir, may I ask?' she said, as she noticed the intruder. Frank colored, and took up his still empty bucket.

'Never mind, Charlie,' said he; 'we can get the ice out of our own bucket; I'll go back, now.'

Charlie was provoked at his mother, and his temper being as ill-governed as her own, he turned towards her angrily crying: 'What's the use of being so hateful? you ought to be ashamed of yourself!' at which words his mother's anger rose to the exploding point.

'I'll thank you to mind your own business, Charley Cooper!' she said; and then turning ferociously upon inoffensive Frank, 'as for you, you young haristocrat, I want you to get hoff my premises, and stay hoff 'em. We dont want any favorites round here.' Then throwing the contents of her bucket, not absolutely at Frank, but with an utter disregard of what she was doing, she dashed the water in such a way that the lad was completely drenched.

Mrs. Sunderland advanced to the fence to help Frank, shivering and crying, to get over it. Her gentle temper, proof against insults or attacks directed upon herself, was at last aroused. Frank was a very delicate child, and the effects of such a shower-bath upon such a morning might be serious. With flashing eyes and face flushed with indignation, she turned upon her enemy, who did have the grace to look a little ashamed of herself.

'You are a wicked, cruel woman, Mrs. Cooper, and henceforth I will have nothing to do with you.' Then she hurried Frank to the house, and mingled her tears with his as she helped him to attire himself in dry garments.

The lad had a cold and a sore throat as the result of his drenching, and his anxious mother, during his indisposition, entertained towards Mrs. Cooper a resentment hearty enough to have satisfied even Dr. Johnson. Frank got well that time, however, and was soon at school again bright and merry as usual.

But he had several attacks of sore throat before the winter was over, and they left him so weak and puny that his mother never before welcomed spring weather so gladly as she did that year. Frank seemed to get quite well and strong as the warm weather came, and therefore perhaps less prudent, for in May he again caught cold and came home from school.

He was severely ill from the first; in a few days diphtheric symptoms developed themselves, and twenty-four hours later the bright young soul was freed from its frail tenement, and Mrs. Sunderland was a childless widow.

I will not dwell upon her desolation; the whole community sorrowed with her; everybody had liked merry little Frank Sunderland, and his mother was almost an equal favorite. If friendly sympathy could have lightened her grief that solace would have been hers; perhaps it did, even though unconsciously to herself, but, as she sat the evening before the funeral by the side of her dead darling, she felt as though there could never be any more brightness or pleasure for her this side of eternity.

She sat there tearless, speechless and despairing, and heard not the timid knock that came upon the door, nor did she notice the figure that a moment later entered the room, until a voice choked with sobs said:

'Please, Mrs. Sunderland, mayn't I see him?'

Then she turned and saw Charlie Cooper. The boy's swollen eyes showed that he had been crying, but Mrs. Sunderland looked at him, apathetically, and when she had realized what it was he wanted, turned quite calmly towards the coffin and withdrew the cloth that covered the waxen face.

Charlie gazed for a few moments upon his dead school-mate, awed and silent, though the tears chased each down his cheeks. In a little while the mother kissed the marble brow, still with that unnatural calmness, and recovered the face.

Charlie was trembling from head to foot with repressed agitation, and Mrs. Sunderland almost unconsciously laid her hand upon his shoulder as if to calm him. At her touch the boy's self-control gave way; with a child's instinctive desire for comfort and support in sorrow, he flung his arms around her, and dropping his head upon her bosom, burst into a violent fit of weeping.

'Oh, Mrs. Sunderland!' he cried, 'I can't bear to have him die; I can't—I can't—he was always so good to me.'

The mother's lips quivered; her features worked convulsively; the healing tears came at last to her aching eyes, and with her face bowed upon Charlie's curly head, she, too, wept freely, and softly, and with the blessed tears the first bitterness of her anguish passed away.

Mrs. Sunderland's friends came to her and took her away from the scene of her bereavement. All that affection could do was done to cheer her, and after a few months her healthy, cheerful temper began to reassert itself, and so aided the effort of beneficent nature that by September she felt able to return to Greenville and the boy's grave, and to become again, in a measure, her old calm and gentle self.

The schools had just reopened, and though the remembrance of one short year ago, when her own boy was there, the brightest and most hopeful of the young throng who commenced the school year together, brought a pang of almost unbearable pain to the mother's heart, she endured this suffering as she had endured all the rest—uncomplainingly.

The examination for promotion was again held, and this time Charlie Cooper ranked first among the five of his class who were promoted to the higher department. Mrs. Sunderland was sincerely pleased when she heard of the lad's triumph, and a few mornings later, when she met him, she stopped to shake hands with him, congratulating him most cordially. 'But how does it happen you are not in school this morning?' she asked.

'I—I—don't go to school just now!' he stammered. 'I've stopped awhile.'

'Why, how does that happen?' Surely, now is the very time you ought to be most regular in attendance.'

'I know—I'd like to be, but'—again he stopped, much embarrassed, and it was not without a good deal of questioning that Mrs. Sunderland at last drew from him the information that he had ceased to attend school on account of his father's inability to procure for him the new set of school books his promotion had made necessary.

'Father's had a felon on his hand all summer, and it's not well yet. He has not been able to work much, and we've had to be awful economical. Mother cried like everything when father said he couldn't spare the money to buy a lot of new books. She was mad at first, but she soon got over that, for she knew father couldn't help it. She's saving up, now, and so am I, and we'll raise the money between us before Christmas, I guess, though those kind of books do cost like smoke,' he concluded, with a rueful sigh.

After he had gone Mrs. Sunderland returned to her home, and, entering the darkened parlor sat in the rocking chair and rocked and cried softly for a long time.

Then she went up stairs and opened a deep drawer in a bureau, from whence issued a strong perfume of withered rose leaves. She removed the linen towel that shrouded the contents of the drawer, and from one corner drew forth a slate and pile of school books, almost new. She opened the books one by one, and in each she kissed the name, "Frank Sunderland," inscribed in a big, boyish hand; then she laid her cheek upon the books, fondling them as though they were living creatures, and cried again.

At last she wiped her eyes and tied up the books in a neat, strong package.

'I am doing just as he would want me to do,' she said to herself. She wrote the name of Charlie Cooper upon the package, and giving it to her little kitchen maid, directed her to take it to the house of her neighbor, Mr. Cooper.

The evening of the same day, as Mrs. Sunderland sat alone, reading over a few verses from her Bible before retiring for the night, she heard a bustle of approaching footsteps, the door opened and her little maid said:

'Here's Mis' Cooper wants to see you a few minutes, Mis' Sunderland.'

She ushered into the room a tall, gaunt figure, whose head and shoulders were shrouded in a dark shawl, and then directly withdrew.

Mrs. Cooper, for she it was, advanced toward Mrs. Sunderland as the latter arose. 'I've come to talk about them books you sent to my Charlie,' she said, roughly, almost fiercely.

'Yes,' replied Mrs. Sunderland, deprecatingly; 'I hope you don't feel offended; Charlie told me his father did not feel able to buy the books he needed just now, and I thought it bad he should be obliged to get behind his class on that account.' 'My Charlie says them books is the ones you bought last year for your Frank; is that so?'

'Yes,' Mrs. Sunderland said, her voice faltering a little, 'they were my boy's.' Charlie was fond of him—I couldn't have given him those books if he had not been.'

'You're right;' and the fiery voice grew suddenly husky; 'my Charlie's been a crying hover them ever since he got them, and I don't wonder, for the sight of 'em has made me do what I never did for living creature in hall my life afore. I've come hover to beg your pardon for all my hugliness to you and to him that's gone; you poor, dear soul, you—hido, hido, and fierce, evil-tempered Mrs. Cooper ended her sentence by bursting into a hearty fit of crying.

Mrs. Sunderland clasped in hers the knotted, toil-worn hands outstretched toward her.

'Don't cry,' she said, tears rolling down her own cheeks as she spoke. 'I know you are sorry. We'll have to be friends after this, and we will never quarrel any more.'

And they never did.

GEN. ZACH. TAYLOR.

An Old Mexican Campaigner's Recollections of Rough and Ready.

[Cor. Fort Worth (Tex.) Gazette.]

When our command joined the army Gen. Taylor was the hero of the day. The recent battles which he had fought and gained made him famous throughout the land. We were prepared to see a warrior with "gold lace and plume," of noble carriage and fierce countenance. Our astonishment can be imagined when we beheld a plain old farmer, with not the first military insignia about him, wearing a wide-brim Mexican sombrero and ordinary citizen's clothes. There was not a subordinate around his headquarters that was not better dressed. Verily, his name, "Rough and Ready," was appropriate. He was rather short in stature for his size and apparent weight, with a face that indicated stern decision and untiring energy. His features were not handsome, but by no means repulsive. A pleasant expression seemed to dwell there when he was off duty. His face gave no evidences of cultivation. Shaggy eyebrows, rather a prominent nose, and round face. If any landmarks of intelligence were ever there, the rough camp life the old soldier had led for so many years had obliterated them. Gen. Taylor was a clumsy rider, mounting and dismounting his horse like an old farmer only accustomed to horseback exercise when he had occasion to ride to town once in a while.

Your correspondent is not advised as to what were the religious preferences of Gen. Taylor. He had fallen into the habit, so common in the army, and pointedly emphasized his remarks as occasion required. He had none of that bombast about him that even some of his lowest subordinates manifested. In social conversation with his officers he seemed to forget his rank, and oftentimes had a kind word for the poor private. On one occasion we had to cross one of those swift-running mountain streams, the water of which was over waist-deep, and a sick and weakly-looking soldier was standing on the bank, I suppose meditating whether he should take the venture or not. Gen. Taylor rode by and saw the situation, assisted the poor soldier up behind him and carried him over the water. I saw that, and heard that soldier long after the war brag that he had "rode behind the president."

Gen. Taylor was always in the thickest of the battle, and seemed to be as destitute of fear as a rock. He rode a milk-white horse—Old Whitey—which seemed as clumsy as his master, and from long association seemed to have adopted some of his peculiarities. Gen. Taylor rode Old Whitey throughout the battles of Monterey and Buena Vista. He was dressed very plainly; wore a common soft hat and an old faded cassimere coat, which his old soldiers informed us he had worn for many years. This coat received its first wound at Buena Vista, where two musket balls, one about three inches below the other, passed through both lapels. The writer, though with Gen. Taylor's command for nearly a year never saw him dressed in full uniform, except on the occasion of the departure of the remains of our regiment for home. We had struck our tents, packed our knapsacks, and the last act of our departure from Walnut Springs was taking leave of our old chief. We were formed in line, and he came out in our front dressed in regulation uniform, cap-a-pie. He was visibly embarrassed, and not a heart in our command but what was touched. With some awkward school-boy gestures he managed to say "that he hoped that in private life we would make as brilliant records as we had in the service of our country," or something very nearly to that effect, and bade us farewell.

A Cawnpore Missionary's Bungalow.

[Cor. Inter Ocean.]

The Bungalow is quite roomy, though, of course, only one story in height. The drawing-room is twenty-five feet high and forty-eight feet long. There are no windows, except such as are embodied in the glass set into the double doors, and a few lofty openings filled with small stained-glass transoms. The walls are of brick, plastered within and without. The white always rubs off, and nowhere in the Orient have I found papered or frescoed walls.

The archways from room to room are supplied with screens on rings and poles. The floors are covered with straw or rope matting, the almost universal carpet. The pictures, books, etc., are the only things that look natural. Every morning there are expeditions throughout the house in quest of the white ant. Despite the fact that the building is well constructed, it is a common thing to discover a great patch of plaster adhering to the clean, white wall, which has been deposited there by the tiny pests during the night. You carefully clear the mass away, and find that all this has been brought to the surface through a hole smaller than the finest knitting needle.

Perhaps they will work for months without giving any trace of their presence, accomplishing a great deal in an incredibly short space of time. At length your house collapses, and you discover the extent of the unseen ravages.

The Upward Tendency.

[Texas News.]

A very small Speck was climbing up the milky way one moonlight night.

"Ah, my little fellow, where are you from?" asked the Big Dipper.

"Me? I'm from a grocery store down on earth."

"How do you come to be away up here?"

"Oh, I've been getting higher and higher year after year; and smaller and smaller, too."

"That's funny. Who are you?"

"I'm the bottom of a strawberry box."

A New Burglar Alarm.

[Hall's Journal of Health.]

The authorities at St. Giles, in Belgium, have supplied the police on night duty with cloth boots having India rubber soles. With these boots the police are so perfectly noiseless that they are at least placed on a footing of equal advantage with burglars.

THE WHITE TIN PAIL.

The Millionaire Takes Lunch with a Laboring Man.

[New York Times.]

A wave of memory seemed to sweep up and take possession of the portly old gentleman, for a smile broke across his face and he went over to the big hogshead and gazed vacantly down at the white tin pail. Then he sat on the edge of the wharf in the lee of the hogshead, and dangled his feet over the water. A moment later he put out his hand timidly and touched the tin pail. There was no illusion, it was a genuine dinner-pail, such as the Pilgrim Fathers might have carried in their war of extermination against the basket-carrying Quakers of New England. There seemed to be an affinity between the dinner-pail and the old man, for in a short time the cover came off and his hand went into it on a tour of investigation. A tin tank of black coffee came out, and underneath was a slab of cold boiled beef as thick as a board. The old gentleman forgot his shiny silk hat and his elaborate gold watch chain, and drifted back somewhere in the past, when life was young, when the burden was heavy, and ambition strong. He held the pail between his well-clad knees, and taking up the slab of beef in both hands began to eat like a half-starved Indian. A chunk of bread of home-made stability came next and followed the boiled beef. Then an egg was found.

"This is something like, this is," said the portly old gentleman, in glee, as he shucked off the shell and laid bare the greenish-yellow color of the solid yolk. "That's the way to boil an egg!"

Two cold boiled potatoes, soggy with much cooking, went the way of the other things. Then the home-made mince pie was poised for a moment in air. It disappeared, and the pail was empty.

"Look a-here, you old duffer, whose dinner have you been eating?" demanded the big, heavy voice of a laboring man, who, at that moment hove in sight, from behind the hogshead.

The amiable but portly old gentleman struggled to his feet. "Yours, I suppose," he answered calmly, flecking the crumbs from his coat with a white silk handkerchief. "Why, do you know," he continued, as the laboring man made ready to explode with wrath, "d'ye know I haven't had such a genuine home-made dinner since I swung the pick and shovel on the first section of the Union Pacific railroad years ago. There! Don't swear! It's all right. Come up to my house on Pierrepont street and my cook shall give you my dinner. Fair exchange, you know. It's an even chance whether you get the gout or I get the dyspepsia—a mere toss up, I might say. Come along."

And the honest laboring man, wiping his hands on a piece of waste and polishing his face on his coat sleeve, went with great alacrity.

Evolution of the Corset.

[Good Words.]

As long ago as the days of the Greeks and Romans a slight, elancee figure was admired, and stoutness looked upon as a deformity. Martial ridiculed fat women, and Ovid put large waists in the first rank of his remedies against love. Several means were tried then, as now, not only to restrain an expanding figure, but to enhance the beauty of a very slight one. But they were of a different kind from those with which we are familiar. Bandages were worn, which consisted of the strophium, the cloth worn round the bosom, the tenia, a similar band below, and the zona, or waist-belt. When bandages failed, those who valued the beauty of their figure had recourse to a remedy prescribed by Serenus Sammonicus. They enveloped their busts with garlands of ivy, which were thrown on the fire as soon as withdrawn, and afterward rubbed all the upper part of their figures either with goose-fat mixed with warm milk, or with the egg of a partridge.

Men were as vain as the women, if we are to believe Aristophanes and other writers. The great comic dramatist mocked his contemporary, Cinecias, for wearing busks of linden-wood, and Capitolinus, in his biography of the Emperor Anthony, mentions that he also had recourse to them to compress his swelling figure. Testimony is conflicting, however. Some contend that the ancients wore veritable corsets, arguing that when Homer, in describing Juno's toilet when she wished to captivate Jupiter, speaks of the two girdles worn around her waist—the one bordered with gold fringe, the other borrowed from Venus—he was really describing a Greek corset; and that the egide or cuirass of Minerva, which Virgil describes, is to be interpreted in the same manner. But this view is surely mistaken, for no monument of antiquity, no artistic work, no evidence gleaned from other sources, point to the use of stiff, unyielding whalebone corsets.

A Wily Toastmaster.

[Philadelphia Press.]

Not long since Mr. J. Russell Lowell was present at a London dinner at which he did not expect to speak, and hence was not prepared. Toward the end of the feast, however, the obsequious toastmaster approached him and put into his hands the usual slip of paper, which, in nine cases out of ten, provokes immediate indisposition. In real or feigned horror, the American minister exclaimed: "What! am I to speak? Why on earth didn't you give me notice?"

"Bless you," replied the toastmaster, "we never do; if we was to we should have a gent talking all night."

The Pestilence Scare.

[Atlanta Constitution.]

The periodical pestilence scare is familiar to everybody. This year the rumors come early. Well defined cases of cholera are reported in eastern Europe and Asia, and at Marseilles and other French ports active preventive measures have been taken. Now there is no sense in a premature alarm. But we have a long summer before us, and Egypt, the nursery of the disease, is giving it a terrible vitality and starting it out betimes on its death dealing march. When medical men have their doubts as to the pathology of cholera itself, there is no doubt that its allies are famine, filth, cold and dampness, and the first outbreaks in any country are generally in the slums of the great cities. When the pestilence once gets started, however, every wayward breeze carries it into the dwellings of the rich and into the healthiest localities. Prevention is better than cure, and it is not too soon to begin the work. Vigilance and cleanliness at our seaports, and in our inland cities and towns, will preserve us not only from a cholera visitation, but from many other dreaded summer diseases. If the sanitary authorities will put in their work well during the next thirty days, all will be well.

The Household.

Dyspepsia, indigestion and headaches seem to take the place of the three graces in many households. How sad is the condition of such a family. The kidneys and liver often get deranged and perhaps the parents or even children may be suffering from diabetes, Bright's Disease or some kindred disease. As a preventive and also a cure for all the diseased conditions of the human family no preparation equals Parmelee's Dyspepsia Diabetes, Kidney and Liver Cure. Only $1 for large bottles. Sold by Armstrong and McCoy.

General Cameron's Position.

A special dispatch from Harrisburg to the Philadelphia *Times* of Wednesday says:

Ex-Senator Simon Cameron left last evening for his farm at Donegal, to meet a few friends, who are the guests of his neighbor Colonel Duffy. At an early hour in the day the correspondent of the *Times* called at the ancient and historic Harris mansion, the home of the venerable ex-Senator. He was seated in an easy chair on the broad veranda, admiring the rich foliage of the walnut and maple, the verdure of the well-kept lawn and bright colors of blooming roses. He was enjoying his usual good health and was anticipating a pleasant jaunt into the country.

The conversation turning upon the all-absorbing topic of the day, the republican ticket, General Cameron said he disliked to hear old men talk as if they knew more than young men, that he did not wish to be considered as taking any part in making the ticket, but he intended to vote for it. He thought that it was a good ticket, and he had no doubt of its success. The selection of Mr. Blaine, he thought, was in conformity with the wishes of the people and the placing of General Logan on the ticket strengthened it. He said that he liked both the candidates; that Mr. Blaine was a man of great abilities and capable of organizing an aggressive campaign. He did not believe that Mr. Blaine was a dangerous man, as some people had said; that he had too much judgment to do anything that would get the country into trouble. He was confident all the independents would come in and support the ticket; that while there might have been some personal disappointments the sober second thought would dispel all feelings of that kind. He looked for a particularly active campaign, one which would command the enthusiastic support of all republicans and many democrats.

The General was much interested in the details of the convention and thought that the effect of the election would be to bring young blood, which was very much needed, to the surface of the party. In referring to General Grant's misfortunes he seemed to be much distressed. He thought that General Grant should not have gone into business, as the bent of his mind did not run in that direction. He said he never did know a West Point man who understood anything about business. The old war horse of the party, brightening up, said:

"You expect to see General Logan. Tell him that I am ready to do anything in my power for the success of the ticket. I will take the stump for it if necessary," and suiting the action to the word, General Cameron rose from his arm chair and walked about the veranda with an elasticity of step which not only indicated that he meant what he said, but that he wished to demonstrate that he could carry out his offer of active service.

THE Wheeling *Register* is a good democratic paper, but it did not seem to regard the abode of peace and harmony. This is the way its headline editorial announced the proceedings the other day: "Snarling Tom Cats that Spit and Claw in the Back-yards of Politics—Fur Flying from Fierce Felines—Second Day of the Great American Menagerie at Chicago—The Kelly Tiger Licks His Chops and Howls for Flesh—The Wonderful Ohio Coal Oil Parrot Screeches and Chatters—But Nobody Gives Poor Poll a Cracker—The Clown Springs into the Ring, the Band Plays the Same Old Tune," etc.

General Languor.

Among the list of distinguished military heroes the names of General Languor or Debility do not appear. Yet, it is a well authenticated fact, that there are times when the pulse lies low in the bosom and beats feebly in the arteries. The spirit of the individual is sleepy, and the whole tendency of the body is toward rest and decay. At such times and during such seasons, the system needs toning up by the use of some good and pure tonic which will restore the organs to the wonted state. Such a tonic is found in Peruna, which is acknowledged by all to be the very thing to put these famous generals to rout, and to ultimately conquer them. Read the following testimonial, which shows in what estimation Peruna is held, and then send for the book entitled the "Ills of Life."

Coal Center, Pa.

Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co.—We sell your medicine Peruna, and have a very large trade on it.

C. Piper & Co.

THOSE republicans whom the democrats hope to attract to the support of Cleveland will confer a favor upon themselves if they will read that portion of the democratic platform which accuses them of nearly all the crimes in the decalogue, and then reflect for a moment whether they are to pocket the insult given to their every act as republicans and vote for this peculiar "reform" combination the democrats have placed in nomination.—Hartford *Post.*

Nature Cleanses

The system, if given an opportunity, but very few persons find time to give nature a chance and so the blood, which is the great drain for carrying away impurities, becomes so clogged with disease that unless some help is given it, the person will be afflicted by blood poisoning and suffer with pimples, boils, carbuncles, cancers, scrofula, &c. and often die without help. Save from all this suffering and loss of time by using Parmelee's Blood Purifier which prevents all disease in the system. Large bottles $1. Sold by Armstrong and McCoy.

New Testimonials of Dennis' Remedies.

"Your Blood Liver and Kidney Cure for me is all right. I will take the third bottle." MRS. G. S. MOORE, Smethport. Price $1.

Mrs. Davidson, of Eldred, says: "Your Great Blood and Liver Cure is curing my hands by using your Balm of Gilead Salve at the same time, of Salt Rheum."

Mrs. R. Middaugh, Duke Centre, Pa., says: "Your remedies are doing for me more than anything that I have ever used for general debility and kidney trouble." The Great American Panacea for all purposes required is claimed to be superior to all other pain killing agents, by all persons using it. Price 25 cents. Sold and manufactured by G. T. Dennis, Prentissvale, Pa. ☞ For sale by E. B. McCoy, Smethport, Pa.

SENATOR JONES, of Nevada, who was at the republican national headquarters last week, said:

It will prove a shock to the country and to the democratic party that the Democrats have put up a man for president who is purely an accident; who lacks ability, as shown by his course as governor of New York, and whose nomination relegates to the rear every man of ability in the democratic party. I am pretty well posted in New York. I meet a good many people here, and want to bet that Blaine can carry this state. He can carry it by 25,000. I believe he will carry it by 50,000. He will not only carry New York, but he will carry every northern state and break in on the south. His nomination was responsive to the voice of the people."

McKean County Miner

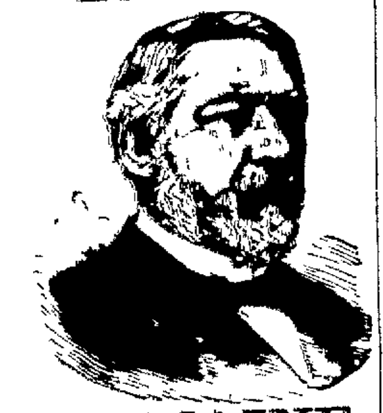
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

[illegible]

H. [illegible], Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., July 25, 1884.

BLAINE



OF MAINE.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT
JAMES G. BLAINE, of Maine.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
JOHN A. LOGAN, of Illinois.

STATE.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

[illegible]

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.
HON. EDWIN S. OSBORNE, Luzerne County.

27TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

FOR CONGRESS
HON. W. W. BROWN,
Subject to decision of the District Conference.

25TH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

FOR SENATOR
HON. LEWIS EMERY, JR.
Subject to [illegible]

COUNTY.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE
ROBERT R. ROSS, of [illegible]
FOR SHERIFF
[illegible]
FOR PROTHONOTARY
F. M. McKIBBON, [illegible]
FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY
[illegible]
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
[illegible]
FOR COUNTY AUDITORS
[illegible]

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

[illegible]

WILLIAM J. GLEASON of Cleveland, chairman of the Cuyahoga democratic county committee, has resigned from the committee and come out for Blaine and Logan.

GEN. LOGAN is meeting with a royal reception by the Grand Army boys in Minneapolis. There were 18,000 men in line on Wednesday besides an estimate of 75,000 strangers in that city and St. Paul who were there as lookers on.

A PROTRACTED contest is going on in the 26th district for the congressional nomination. Mr Brainerd, the present member, is the candidate of Erie county; Col. C. W. Mackey is Venango's choice and Hon. C. W. Stone is earnestly supported by Warren. Brainerd is making a respectable member but we imagine he will never occupy the commanding position in the house of representatives that either Mackey or Stone would. The conference will meet again in Warren today (Wednesday) and we can only hope a conclusion will be reached which will prove satisfactory to the republican party of the district.

DR. HORACE HAZELTINE of Jamestown, N. Y., is one of the oldest and most highly respected citizens of that city. In all the history of Jamestown no one has occupied a higher social position than has the several branches of the Hazeltine family. But a wayward son of the doctor has brought grief into the several households and disgrace upon the name of Hazeltine. The young man is about 22 years of age. Last Saturday morning he in company with two disreputable women arrived in the city of Baltimore and took quarters in a house of ill fame on North street in that city. The entire party showed evidence of having been on an extended spree. In the evening he had an altercation with one of the women by the name of Maria Jackson, who is said to have been his mistress, about a diamond ring. He demanded it and she refused to give it to him, the result of which was his shooting her dead on the spot. This is another terrible crime which rum alone is responsible for.

CLEVELAND'S IMMORALITIES.

Mud slinging to the extent of prying into a candidate's private family relations we do not nor never did countenance. This business of attacking private character and meddling with a man's private business we consider despicable, although it has been the stock in trade of democratic papers and their black mailing allies for a generation. Of course when their ox is being gored they raise their hands in holy horror and denounce the act as infamous in the extreme. Time and time again our opponents have had men in the field whose disreputable characters could have been successfully assailed but the mantle of charity was thrown over them by the republican press and they have slipped into office without being exposed. A notable case of this kind was when Grover Cleveland was elected governor of New York two years since. Hundreds of men knew of his peccadilloes, as the Bradford *Era* facetiously styles them. All over western New York and northwestern Pennsylvania are men who were familiar with his immoral practices and who laughed in their sleeves at the idea of making the 'last man,' Grover Cleveland, governor of the great state of New York. The knowledge of his career in this respect was confined principally to 'congenial spirits,' to 'hail fellows well met;' the moral element of the community, outside of Buffalo, having but little if any information on the subject. In that city, many of the best citizens knew in a general way of his habits, but local pride and a desire to see a Buffalonian elevated to the governorship caused their lips to be sealed as to his moral character.

It was not until he began to be prominently named as a candidate for president that the moral element of Buffalo raised their voices in opposition. Days before the democratic convention a leading citizen of that city said to the writer of this: "It will never do to have Mr Cleveland given the nomination. It will not only ruin the democratic ticket but it will of necessity show up a state of morals in this community which we desire to have forever concealed from public view." We doubt whether this gentleman ever heard of the case of Maria Halpin which has just been published for the first time in the Buffalo Evening *Telegraph*. In fact it is very likely that this case was never known outside of the intimate friends of the parties to the transaction. Cleveland had become a prominent man in Buffalo, and it was to his interest to have the facts suppressed and the young lady would naturally desire to have as little notoriety made of it as possible. But the story has now come to light, and it is one of the most revolting in the licentious annals of the country. Cleveland's friends claim that they can show its utter falsity. In God's name we hope they can. Although a political opponent we sincerely hope there is no truth in this tale of infamy. It makes the blood of every man who has a daughter or sister boil with indignation to know that their flesh and blood can be made outcasts upon the face of the earth, while those who are the cause of their ruin remain the pets of society and are elevated to places of honor and trust. The story which was published in the Buffalo *Telegraph* of Monday evening last is as follows:

"Some years since a beautiful, virtuous and intelligent young lady entered the employ of Flint & Kent, as you know most excellent men and leading merchants in our city. She was put at the head of their cloak department and served them for some two or three years to perfect satisfaction. Mr Cleveland made her acquaintance, won her confidence and finally seduced her. She of course lost her position, was cast out of good society, and driven to despair. Her appeals to him to fulfill his promise of marriage he did not regard. The mother and child were taken to the residence of Mrs. Wm Baker, on Genesee street to board, and visited occasionally by Mr Cleveland. The boy was named Oscar Folsom Cleveland. The mother was wretched and often desperate and worried by her threats. He resolved to abate the annoyance, employed two detectives and a doctor of bad repute to spirit the woman away and dispose of the child. She refused to surrender the child or go with the detectives. Then they seized her by force and in spite of her screams and violent resistance, took her to a carriage and drove her to the Providence asylum on Main street, where she was committed as insane, for which service Mr Cleveland paid the detectives $50. The child was taken to the Buffalo orphan asylum. Our worthy fellow citizen, Dr. William Ring, was the visiting physician at the Providence asylum and on examining the new patient pronounced her perfectly sane and the authorities allowed her to depart. She had been committed without legal process and departed of her own volition. Her first move then was to employ an attorney and recover her child. Her lawyer advised her to secure it by force if necessary. She succeeded in getting the boy into her arms and at once fled, no one obstructing her flight. Then negotiations were opened with Mr Cleveland and finally he paid her $500 to give up the child, and at length succeeded in getting her to leave the city. The boy was then given to a family on Niagara street, where he still lives and I believe bears their name. But poor Maria Halpin, for that was her name, went away broken hearted, disgraced, an outcast, while her seducer continued to revel in the realm of lust, and pretend before the great American public that he is a model of virtue preeminently worthy of being honored by their votes and being exalted as an example for ambitious youth to imitate. Perhaps personal character ordinarily ought not to be involved in political discussion, but it would be criminal to allow the virtuous to vote for so vile a man as this under a false impression that he is pure and honorable."

Messrs. Flint & Kent say that Miss Halpin was in their employ about four years, was much esteemed, and bore an unblemished name when Cleveland got her in his toils. Mrs Baker says that she was a woman of remarkable beauty, rare accomplishments and pleasing manners. She spoke French fluently and was an attractive conversationalist. Barring her associations with Grover Cleveland, Mrs. Baker says her conduct was above suspicion. Even after the birth of her child she led a blameless life until her misery drove her to drink. She was too proud, says Mrs. Baker, to be low or vile and even when she took to drinking to excess it seemed to be merely to drown her grief, and when trouble and liquor had almost destroyed her mind and wrecked her body there was only known to be upon her virtue the one stain of which this narrative tells. She was an Episcopalian and before her fall was a regular attendant of St. John's church. She came to Buffalo from Jersey City but was born in Pennsylvania and is now living. This is the terrible story of Maria Halpin and her son.

THE TWO PARTIES.

Mr George William Curtis was a delegate to the republican convention which convened in Chicago in June last. In one of his speeches in that convention he pictured the two parties in the following graphic style. Of the democratic party he said: "We are confronted with the democratic party, very hungry, and, as you may well believe, very thirsty—a party without a single definite principle, a party without any distinct national policy which it dares to present to the country; a party which fell from power as a conspiracy against human rights, and now attempts to sneak back to power as a conspiracy for plunder and spoils."

His opinion of the republican party was as follows: "I shall not attempt to repeat to you the splendid story of the republican party, a story that we never tire of telling and that our children will never tire of hearing; a story which is written upon the hearts of all American citizens because it recounts greater services for liberty, for the country, for mankind, than those of any party in any other nation at any other period of time. And what is the secret of this unparalleled history? It is simply that the republican party has always been the party of the best instincts, of the highest desires of the American people. This is a special glory. It has represented the American instinct of nationality, American patriotism and American devotion to liberty."

These are the portraitures, says the Philadelphia *Press*, which Mr Curtis presented to show the contrast between the two parties—the democratic party being sketched as 'a conspiracy for plunder and spoils,' and the republican party as 'the party of the best instincts, of the highest desires of the American people.' Do parties change in the twinkling of an eye? Was the character of the democratic party fixed for twenty five years, changed between June and July? Was the nature of the republican party completely altered between the hour this speech was spoken on the 5th of June and the hour Mr Blaine was nominated on the 6th of June?

Mr Curtis has stamped the character of the two parties in living and ineffaceable colors. How, then, does he happen to desert the party which represents the 'best instincts and the highest desires of the American people,' and join the party which is 'a conspiracy for plunder and spoils?' It is explained in his letter to Mr Ketzmiller of Gettysburg, wherein he said:

No man could be more obnoxious to them (the independents of New York) than Mr Blaine. The principal reason for this is the strong following he has in Pennsylvania. The Independents are anti protection and whoever we elect must be for revenue reform.

Alas for Mr Curtis!

INDEPENDENT REPUBLICANS.

An address was recently issued by the independent republicans of Pennsylvania to the independents of New York and Massachusetts, in which they declare that they will support Mr Blaine for president. They appeal to those addressed not to give their support to the common enemy and thereby surrender the control of the country to their hands. This address was signed by Hon Jno I Mitchell, ex Gov Henry M Hoyt, Hon Charles S. Wolfe, Hon Lewis Emery, Jr, Geo. W Merrick, Esq., Dr W C Doane, and many other leading independent republicans of the state together with all the members of the independent state committee, including the chairman, Hon I D McKee. A large number of responses as to the political situation in their several localities, from independents throughout the states were received by the committee appointed to secure signatures to the address. Among them we find the following from this section:

Mr Theodore Ladd, of this county, writes: "I am in hearty accord with the republican ticket and with the principles enunciated in the platform. It is greatly to be regretted that certain former eminent republicans should use their influence to thwart the will of the people."

Hon. J. W Cochran of Cameron county affirms that "the independents of this district are all for Blaine and Logan."

L. T Borchers, Esq., of Warren county, says: "All the independent republicans of Warren county are delighted with the nomination of Blaine and Logan, and will do everything possible to secure their election. I know of no republican in this county who does not heartily endorse their nomination, and many sensible democrats have publicly declared their intention to vote for Blaine and Logan. No stronger or better ticket could have been made, and we are sanguine of victory."

Dr W. C Doane, of Williamsport, the old war-horse stumper of the republican party, and one of the founders of it, writes: "I cannot understand how republicans in any state claiming to belong in any way to the independents can oppose Blaine and Logan when the real reason why they bolted was because Blaine was not nominated in 1880 in answer to the demand of the people. When I was in Pittsburg in 1883 I announced that Blaine would be our standard bearer in '84 and with him we would march to victory. I am ready to do all in my power to promote his election."

And now, while the subject is on our mind, we desire Chairman Cooper, of the state committee, to file our application for one speech from Dr. Doane in this county, any time between the first of September and election day.

THE LETTERS OF ACCEPTANCE.

Messrs. Blaine and Logan have, since our last issue, published their letters of acceptance for the presidential and vice presidential nominations on the republican ticket. It is hardly necessary to say that the letter of Mr Blaine is a masterly piece of composition on governmental topics. The democratic papers attempt to pick flaws with it, and some go so far as to sneer at some of the propositions contained in it, but we venture to say that to an impartial judge, one competent to express an opinion upon the subject, it would be pronounced the ablest paper of its kind ever presented to the American people. And why should it not be? There is no man in this country who is more eminently qualified because of long and varied experience in the different departments of the government to indicate to the people the true policy to be pursued on questions affecting the weal and welfare of the entire country.

Gen Logan's letter is also an able review of the questions which are of late occupying the attention of the executive and legislative branches of the government. He gives no uncertain sound as to the position he occupies on these questions and every true American citizen will endorse his reasonings as sound to the core.

We are unable to publish these letters entire this week and have concluded to publish extracts from them from week to week until we have given them fully to our readers. We commence this week with Mr Blaine's views on the tariff which we hope every reader of the MINER will give a careful perusal. He says:

Revenue laws are in their very nature subject to frequent revision in order that they may be adapted to changes and modifications of trade. The republican party is not contending for the permanency of any particular statute. The issue between the two parties does not have reference to a specific law. It is far broader and far deeper. It involves a principle of wide application and beneficent influence against a theory which we believe to be unsound in conception and inevitably hurtful in practice. In the many tariff revisions which have been necessary for the past twenty three years or which may hereafter become necessary, the republican party has maintained and will maintain the policy of protection of American industry, while our opponents insist upon a revision which practically destroys that policy. The issue is thus distinct, well defined and unavoidable. The pending election may determine the fate of protection for a generation. The overthrow of the policy means a large and permanent reduction in the wages of the American laborer, besides involving the loss of vast amounts of American capital invested in manufacturing enterprises. The value of the present revenue system to the people of the United States is not a matter of theory, and I shall submit no argument to sustain it. I only invite attention to certain facts of official record which seem to constitute a demonstration.

In the census of 1850 an effort was made for the first time in our history, to obtain a valuation of all property in the United States. The attempt was in a large degree unsuccessful. Partly from lack of time, partly from prejudice among many who thought the inquiries foreshadowed a new scheme of taxation, the returns were incomplete and unsatisfactory. Little more was done than to consolidate the local valuation used in the states for purposes of assessment, and that, as everyone knows, differs widely from a complete exhibit of all the property.

In the census of 1860, however, the work was done with great thoroughness—the distinction between 'assessed' and 'true' value being carefully observed. The grand result was that the 'true value' of all the property in the states and territories (excluding slaves) amounted to fourteen thousand millions ($14,000,000,000). This aggregate was the net result of the labor and the saving of the people within the area of the United States from the time the first British colonist landed in 1607 down to the year 1860. It represented the fruit of the toil of two hundred and fifty years.

After 1860 the business of the country was encouraged and developed by a protective tariff. At the end of twenty years the total property of the United States, as returned by the census of 1880, amounted to the enormous aggregate of forty four thousand millions of dollars ($44,000,000,000). This great result was attained notwithstanding the fact that countless millions had in the interval been wasted in the progress of a bloody war. It thus appears that while our population between 1860 and 1880 increased sixty per cent, the aggregate property of the country increased two hundred and fourteen per cent—showing a vastly enhanced wealth *per capita* among the people. Thirty thousand millions of dollars ($30,000,000,000) had been added during these twenty years to the permanent wealth of the nation.

These results are regarded by the older nations of the world as phenomenal. That our country should surmount the peril and the cost of a gigantic war and for an entire period of twenty years make an average gain to its wealth one hundred and twenty five million dollars per month surpasses the experience of all other nations, ancient or modern. Even the opponents of the present revenue system do not pretend that in the whole history of civilization any parallel can be found to the material progress of the United States, since the accession of the republican party to power.

The period between 1860 and to-day has not been one of material prosperity only. At no time in the history of the United States has there been such progress in the moral and philanthropic field. Religious and charitable institutions, schools, seminaries and colleges, have been founded and endowed far more generously than at any previous time in our history. Greater and more varied relief has been extended to human suffering, and the entire progress of the country in wealth has been accompanied and dignified by a broadening and elevation of our national character as a people.

Our opponents find fault that our revenue system produces a surplus. But they should not forget that the law has given a specific purpose to which all of the surplus is profitably and honorably applied—the reduction of the public debt and the consequent relief of the burden of taxation. No dollar has been wasted, and the only extravagance with which the party stands charged is the generous pensioning of soldiers, sailors and their families—an extravagance which embodies the highest form of justice in the recognition and payment of a sacred debt. When reduction of taxation is to be made, the republican party can be trusted to accomplish it in such form as will most effectively aid the industries of the nation.

IF GROVER CLEVELAND has ever uttered a word which would thrill the democratic heart, if he has ever taken decisive ground on any issue of national moment, if he has ever framed a sentence which which will show him to be a fit leader for a great party, where is the proof of it?—*Chicago Herald*.

WE care not what papers notice the charges made against Cleveland's infamous conduct in the Maria Halpin affair. As the Detroit *Evening Journal* says: "It is not a political question; it is one of humanity! The charges that are made in a general way that Governor Cleveland associates with immoral characters and has been seen in an intoxicated condition should not lead the people away from the question, did Grover Cleveland betray Maria Halpin? Did he cast her off? Did he tear her away from the child that was his and hers? If it be true, then the weight of that poor girl's woe will crush him! The pleading of a mother for her babe and the shrieks and cries of the outcast woman will be heard throughout all this broad land, and Grover Cleveland will not only never be president, but will hang his head in shame, the object of the scorn of all good people."

ON THE 16th of June the Harrisburg *Patriot* published a vile slander against Mr Blaine. It admitted to its columns a bogus interview charging that Mr Blaine, while speaker of the house of representatives, had demanded and received a bribe of $7500. Promptly the next morning the Philadelphia *Press* printed a denial from the man upon whose authority the charge was alleged to have been made and gave, also, corroborative testimony making the refutation of the slander so complete that the Harrisburg paper was compelled to admit its error. There the matter should have stopped. But the morsel was too sweet for the democratic papers to drop at once. It is not surprising therefore, to find the slander revived in a democratic weekly in Minnesota. The charge was refuted once however and the only purpose in referring to it here is to call attention to the despicable methods which the democrats intend to use in this campaign.—*Phila. Press*.

MR. PURCELL, the editor of the Rochester *Union*, evidently understood Mr Cleveland's character before the democratic convention was held. He implored the leading spirits of that convention not to nominate him as such a nomination would prove fatal to the party. But in spite of his protest Cleveland was placed at the head of the ticket. Immediately after that act was consummated William Purcell retired from the editorial control of the *Union*, the old democratic organ of Monroe county and resigned as elector at large from the democratic electoral ticket of New York. On the 27th of June, eleven days before the convention assembled in Chicago the following editorial sentiment appeared in the columns of the *Union*:

"The man who fills the chair of president of the United States should in both private and public character be as pure as it is possible for man to be. The highest elect of the people should be in truth, as well as in name, the first citizen of the land—should be in all things an exemplar for old and young alike. What lesson of destruction would be taught the youth of the country if the fact was otherwise? What outrage upon the manhood of the country would be the seating of one of its groveling types in the presidential chair? What insult to the womanhood of the country would be the forcing of a polluted presence upon American wives and daughters whose province and privilege it is and whose necessity it may be to visit the white house and call upon and confer with the chief executive of the government."

A WAR STORY OF LOGAN.

How "Black Jack" Gallantly Stood Father Over the Fatherless.

It was in the summer of 1864, and the army under Sherman had fallen back from its position before Atlanta and swept around to Hood's rear, General Logan leading the advance. I remember the country was densely wooded, and that magnificent forests of pine, oak and chestnut towered on either side of the road over which we marched. Just as we turned a bend in the road we emerged suddenly into a small clearing. A rude log cabin surrounded by evergreen shrubbery, stood in the clearing and hanging from one of the bushes we noticed a yellow cloth.

As medical officers, it naturally occurred to us at once that this was an improvised hospital of some sort, and we rode up to inquire. At the door of the cabin, as we approached an old woman, evidently of the familiar 'cracker' type, presented herself. She told us "there wasn't no wounded men thar," and when asked why she had put out a yellow flag there, she replied: "Waal, yer see, my gal is sick, and I reckoned ef I put out that yer hosp'tal rag you'ns wouldn't be pesterin' round so much."

"What's the matter with your child?" said I, "we are medical officers, and perhaps we can do something for her."

"Waal, now," she quickly responded, "ef you'ns is real doctors, just look in and see what you'ns all done with your shellin'. Time my gal was sickest, two of your'n shells came clar through my cabin, and, I tell you, it was right skeery for a spell."

We accepted the old woman's invitation and walked in. It was as she said. The cabin, built of rough pine logs, afforded but one room, about twelve feet square. The only household article visible were an old 'skillet,' a rather dilapidated bed, two or three chairs without backs and a collection of gourds. The shells had indeed played havoc with the interior. The roof had been badly shattered, and a stray shot had pierced the walls. It had cut one of the logs entirely in two, and forcing one jagged end out into the room so far that it hung threateningly over the bed, upon which, to our astonishment, we saw lying a young girl, by whose side was a new-born babe, with the prints of the Creator's fingers fresh upon it. It was a strange yet touching spectacle. Here, in this lonely cabin, stripped by lawless stragglers of both armies of food and clothing and shattered by the flying shells of our artillery, in the storm and fury of the battle had been this sweet innocent. The mother, we learned, was the wife of a confederate soldier whose blood had stained the "sacred soil" of Virginia but a few months after his marriage and conscription into the service, and the child was fatherless.

By this time quite a number of officers and men had gathered about the cabin. Presently some one suggested that the baby ought to be christened with full military honors, and it being duly explained to her that to "christen" was all the same as to "baptize," she replied, with alacrity: "Oh, just baptized, I reckon, if you'ns has got any preacher along." This was all the boys wanted, and an *orderly* was at once sent back to the general commanding, with the compliments of the surgeon and a request that a chaplain belonging to one of the regiments in the advance brigade might be allowed to return with the messenger to the cabin. Upon this General Logan (for he it was) significantly remarked that the names mentioned were in themselves sufficient to satisfy him that some deviltry was on hand, but that, nevertheless, the chaplain might go. Then, inviting the colonel, who happened to be riding with him at the time, he set out himself for the scene, spurring "Old John" to a gallop, and soon had joined the party at the cabin.

"General," said the doctor, as the former dismounted, "you are just the man we're after."

"For what?"

"For a godfather," replied the doctor.

The matter was explained to him, and, as the doctor led the way into the house, the boys, who had gathered around the general in the expectation that the event would furnish an occasion for a display of his characteristic humor, noticed there was something in Black Jack's face that they were not wont to see there, and but in his eyes there was a certain humid flashing brightness. He stood for a moment silent, gazing at the unhappy mother and fatherless child, and their pitiful surroundings, and then, turning to those about him, said, tersely:

"That looks rough."

Then glancing around at the ruins wrought by our shells, and addressing the men in the cabin, called out: "I say, boys, can't you straighten this up a little? Fix up that roof. There are plenty of 'stakes' around that stable—and push back that log into place, and help the old lady to clear out the litter, and—I don't think it would hurt you any to leave a part of your rations."

Prompt to heed the suggestion, the boys leaned their muskets against the logs, and, while some of them cut brush, others swept up the splinters and pine-knots that the shot and shell had strewn over the floor and not one of them forgot to go to the corner of the cabin and empty his haversack. It made a pile of commissary stores, consisting of meat, coffee, sugar, hard tack and chickens (probably foraged from her next door neighbor) surpassing any that this poor "cracker" woman had probably ever seen or possessed at one time.

This done, the next thing in order was the christening, and the chaplain now came forward to perform his sacred office.

"What are you going to give her for a name? I want suthin right peart, now," said grandmother.

She was told that the name should be satisfactory, and forthwith she brought out the baptismal bowl—which on this occasion consisted of a gourd—full of water fresh from the spring. General Logan now took the baby, wrapped in its swaddling clothes of coarse homespun, and held it while the chaplain went through with the ceremony. The latter was brief and characterized with due solemnity, the spectators behaving with becoming reverence; and thus the battle-born babe was christened Shell Anna. Before parting, the General cautioned her to put the money in a safe place, lest some 'bummer' should steal it, in spite of everything," and then, ordering a guard to be kept over her cabin rode away. The old lady's good bye was: "Waal! them thar Yanks is the beatenist critters I ever seen!"

CLEVELAND will be the worst licked man that ever ran for the presidency. The working-men, who compose nine-tenths of the voters, won't vote for him under any circumstances.—Wilkesbarre *Record*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRUGS
PATENT MEDICINES,
School Books, Blank Books.
Stationery,
Fancy Goods.
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.
NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT
THE
DRUG AND BOOK STORE
—OF—
A. B. ARMSTRONG,
Smethport, Pa.

E. B. McCOY,
Druggist & Pharmacist
No. 34 Main Street,
SMETHPORT, PA.
Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.
Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.
An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

C. V. GILLIS,
dealer in
Drugs AND Medicines
PAINTS, OILS,
FANCY GOODS, &C.
KANE PA.

JAMES T. DONOHUE,
PLUMBER
SMETHPORT, PA.
In the rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.
Lead and Iron Pipe for Water, Gas and Steam Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boilers, Iron Sinks, Pumps, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JEWELRY
of all descriptions.
SILVER-WARE
The Best Made.
POCKET CUTLERY
TOYS,
A Full Assortment.
SPECTACLES
AND
EYE-GLASSES
And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.
I Will match the
'ROCKFORD'
Watches against the world for time and money. All kinds of
REPAIRING
a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.
Call and See us.
M. L. Armstrong,
MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

CALL ON
C. L. DOUGLASS
For Your
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Boots & Shoes, Etc.
He keeps on hand the best goods the markets afford. Also Proprietor of
SMETHPORT GRIST MILL.
Feed and Meal
of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Custom work done on short notice.
Mechanic St., SMETHPORT, PA.

MILK! MILK! MILK!
The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 2, he will establish a
NEW MILK ROUTE!
Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.
At 6 Cents a Quart
until Spring, when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.
Wm. Ramer.
Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 2, 1880-tf.

J. C. HAMLIN,
—DEALER IN
HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.
CUTLERY,
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,
OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.
JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.
☞ Customers say that J. C. Hamlin sells goods as low, if not LOWER than they can get them in any other store in the county.
SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

New Spring Goods
MISS CARSON
Has just received a complete stock of the latest styles of
Millinery Goods!
And is prepared to supply patrons with HATS and BONNETS trimmed in the
LATEST AND FRESHEST STYLES.
☞ Give her a call before purchasing. Don't forget the place: DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE (next door to Young's store.)

THOS. R. FRISBEE,
General Dealer in
DRY - GOODS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Flour, Feed, Lumber & Shingles
CORYVILLE, McKean Co., Pa.

New Carriage Shop
IN SMETHPORT.
CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.
SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.
W. H. Wetenhall.
SMETHPORT March 10, 1881.—v1.

COLEMAN
Business
COLLEGE, NEWARK, N. J.
100 students from Pennsylvania in 1883. More positions for graduates than all other schools combined. Life scholarship $40. Write for circulars. H. COLEMAN & PALMS, Proprietors.
28-ly

Steam Engines, Clay and Ore Pans Hoisting Engines and Machinery a Specialty. Second-hand Engines and Boilers on hand. ☞ Send for Stock List.
1yeow THOMAS CARLIN, Allegheny City.

SWEET WORM POWDERS
A hacking cough, itching of the nose, grinding of the teeth are caused by worms. Use
SWEET WORM POWDERS
Sleepless nights, convulsions and straightening out of the limbs in children are caused by worms. Use
SWEET WORM POWDERS.
They are a sure and safe remedy for the cure of worms in adults and children. Try the
SWEET WORM POWDERS.
The most pleasant and easy remedy to take with the best results are
SWEET WORM POWDERS.
They have been on the market for fifteen years and have always given satisfaction in every case. Try the
SWEET WORM POWDERS.
When your druggist offers you anything else do not take it, but make him send and get
E. K. THOMPSON'S
SWEET WORM POWDERS.
Prepared at Titusville, Pa. Price 25c. Sent to any postoffice address on receipt of 25 cents.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE BEST SHOES.
WHEN YOU WANT
BOOTS AND SHOES
—GO TO—
G. A. GROVES & SON,
NO. 28 MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.
They Will Charge You Fair Prices, But They Warrant Their Goods to be Just as Represented.
You Cannot Afford to Buy From Irresponsible Parties
They Sell the Best At Lowest Prices.
G. A. GROVES & SON,
No. 28 MAIN STREET, - BRADFORD.

New Goods Just Received
At D. C. YOUNG'S.
IMMENSE STOCK OF
Spring & Summer Clothing
For Men, Boys and Children.
LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
Complete Line of
DRY GOODS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, ETC.,
And Full Stock of
CHOICE GROCERIES!
All of which were bought CHEAP FOR CASH, and will be sold accordingly.
CALL AND EXAMINE MY STOCK—NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 26 1883. D. C. YOUNG.

JOHN DIGEL'S
MARBLE WORKS.
Monumental
and
Mantel Designs
Executed in the Best Style from either
MARBLE ✦ OR ✦ SLATE
Water Street, Smethport, Pa.

J. G. HABERNIGG,
Bradford's Most Reliable Merchant Tailor,
Has just received a Complete Stock of New Spring Goods,
FRENCH, ENGLISH,
AUSTRIAN, GERMAN,
AND AMERICAN.
No other tailor in the oil region gives the same class of work and same quality cloth and trimmings for the amount of money. No tailor in the world can give better fits, and I will sell suits from $20.00 up and pants from $5.00 up. P. S.—I will remain for the coming year at my store on Washington street. This will make my expenses much less and enable me to give my customers better bargains than ever. EVERYTHING STRICTLY CASH.
J. G. HABERNIGG,
No. 8 Washington St., Bradford, Penn'a.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF [illegible]
VASELINE
[illegible]

H. W. RUBIN,
DEALER IN
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.
Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all kinds of work [illegible]
Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.
Main Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., July 25, 1884.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

[illegible] paper shows the date to [illegible] paid. [illegible] of your paper changed, [illegible] as well as the new one. [illegible] their paper stopped, pay arrearages [illegible] liable if they [illegible] whether you take it from [illegible] this paper regularly [illegible] every week, [illegible] with the mails when not [illegible]

TAKE IT.

The MINER will be furnished to subscribers from this date to January 1, 1885, for FIFTY CENTS. Every republican in McKean county should take it. Will the readers of this paper call the attention of their republican friends to this offer.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

[illegible]

Dog days began the 21st inst.

Mt. Alton will soon have a new Presbyterian church.

Don't forget the republican meeting tonight at Backus Hall.

The citizens generally helped Judge Brown [illegible] make his hay the first of the week.

Every republican in the county ought to belong to some Blaine and Logan club.

The infant daughter, one day old, of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Alexander died last Friday.

The roads were the dustiest before Wednesday's storm than they have been this season.

No need of going to the seashore to keep cool this season. Save your money and buy an overcoat.

The Eldred *Enterprise* is a new venture in Allegany county journalism. It has been fully fed.

There will be a Blaine and Logan club organized at Eldred tomorrow evening. Local speakers will make the meeting an interesting one.

The rain storm of Wednesday was not very good for the haying business, but was much needed by other crops.

It is rumored that the democrats will hold their annual conclave and pow-wow or Income meeting sometime next month.

If the borough council would take a walk around town they could see where many repairs are needed to the sidewalks.

The "bang" is out of date. It has served the purpose and must go. The new styles are the Saratoga wave and the Grecian coil.

Large numbers of all kinds of vehicles pass through here every Sunday en route to the big bridge, which is getting to be quite a summer resort.

The author of the lines in another column headed "Irishmen to the Front" is one of the most intelligent men of Irish extraction in the county.

B. D. Ames, of Bradford, has opened a wagon and repair shop in the Purtle & Kruger building on Water street. See his advertisement in another column.

Bradford was visited by a $17,000 fire on Wednesday the 16th inst. The total amount of insurance was about $5,500. The probability is that the town will not be rebuilt.

Some of the hose boys did good work on Monday when they got out the hose and made a street sprinkler of it. They have the thanks of the citizens of upper Main street.

Orator H. F. Brawley, accompanied by I. L. Keenan, went to Port Allegany on Wednesday evening and undertook to form a Cleveland club. Bill Walsh says Hugh is a "daisy."

—How can neighbor Wilson, of the *Democrat*, fight the black republicans, after having a black republican do his fighting in the late war? Ingratitude, Wilson, ingratitude.

If Cleveland's anticipated letter of acceptance should turn out to be his real funeral, it would please a large number of democrats but make the republicans feel very bad.

Hon. E. D. Hamlin will lay a new walk in front of his residence on Main street. A few more such needed improvements as this would make our streets more passable.

—The school directors of Keating township will build two new school houses in the township this summer. One will be located at Cardell and the other near Wright's corners.

The average democratic politician sits down and figures long before announcing himself as a candidate for an office. That is the reason why so few announcements have been made—they are figuring.

—The democrats of Bradford want a daily democratic paper published in that town. Can it be possible that the Port Allegany *Reporter* and the Smethport *Democrat* fail to give the party leaders entire satisfaction?

—The band serenaded some of our citizens last Friday evening. At M. L. Armstrong's a fine lunch was prepared for them which suffered severely at their hands. The band is playing better this year than it ever did before.

—Bradford will have no fire parade this year. After soliciting subscriptions the department concluded not to have a parade on account of the business men failing to respond with financial aid. There will be an inspection of the department sometime in August or September.

Prophet De Voe said some time ago that there would be a snow storm in July, and impossible as it may seem he prophesied truly. Last week Wednesday travelers, between Knapps Creek and Rock City, were astonished to see snow falling, it melting before it struck the ground. There are reports from other portions of the state to the same effect.

L. W. Mason has started out in a somewhat novel yet sensible way to advertise his business. He claims that he is selling his hardware and crockery goods at New York prices. There is certainly one way to find out whether he is doing so or not, and that is to call and examine his prices. He is a good talker, and it will pay to give him a few moments to expatiate on the beauties of his wares, even if you don't buy.

IRISHMEN TO THE FRONT.

"Hurrah for Blaine!"
Come Danny an' Patsy an' Denny an' Mike,
Clear your throats an' a note let's strike!
Loud shout, in chorus, the glad refrain,
Old Ireland's friend, from the coast of Maine"—
"Hurrah for Blaine!"

"The Plumed Knight!"
Kerrymen, Connaughtmen—men from Tyrone,
He battled for ye Ireland an' home of your home
He has taken your part 'gainst Gladstone's boot,
He has staggered great John Bull with telling blows,
"The Plumed Knight!"

"Jim Blaine!"
Men from Tralee, from Dublin Town,
From the towers of Cork to County Down,
When you lay in prison for daring to fight
'Gainst your country's wrongs, who said you were right?
"Jim Blaine!"

A KERRYMAN.

Keating township, July 22 1884.

ATTENTION, REPUBLICANS!

There will be a meeting of the Blaine men of Smethport and vicinity this (Friday) evening at Backus' Hall for the purpose of completing the organization of the Blaine and Logan club. Let every Blaine man be there and bring his neighbor. The meeting will be full of interest and business of importance will be transacted.

Blue T Festival.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist Church will give a Blue T Festival at the Opera House Friday evening, Aug. 1st. Refreshments, music, etc. All are invited to attend.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

The subject of the sermon next Sunday morning will be "Education." Young people, and parents having children to educate, are especially invited. In the evening the subject under consideration will be "The Pulpit and Politics during the present campaign."

The Knights of Maccabees.

Smethport Tent No. 8 of the Knights of the Maccabees of the World was organized here last Tuesday night and the officers duly installed by F. P. Slocum of Bradford. This order starts off with a charter membership of eighteen and promises to become a good sized lodge as some of our best citizens have taken hold of the matter.

Lost His Cane.

Mr. S. A. Backus had the misfortune to lose a valuable cane while driving between this place and Port Allegany last Monday. It was an ebony, silver headed cane, with his name engraved on the head, which he prized very highly on account of its having been given to him some years ago by a valued friend. Any one finding and returning it to him will confer a great favor upon him.

Water Main Extension.

The water company have decided not to lay a main down Main street to the extent workthis year, as was their intention during the early part of the season. They will however extend their lines down Green street to Mason street and across the creek to the head of Mechanic street. This will give the people living in Mechanicsburg a good supply of water and the fire protection which they are entitled to.

Morally Preferable.

A good democratic friend took us to task the other day because we even suggested the name of Andrew Jackson Hughes as a candidate of the democracy for the presidency. Why so? We are sincere in our statement that we consider our genial friend of Port Allegany in every way as well qualified to fill the presidential chair as the man who heads the democratic ticket. Morally he is a thousand times preferable.

A New Bridge.

The county commissioners are making plans and specifications for a new bridge to be built across the Allegheny river at Sartwell's mill, about four miles below Port Allegany. O. S. Palmer, of Stroudsburg, Pa., who built the bridge over Potato creek, near the McKean & Buffalo depot, will probably have the contract for building this bridge. Mr. Palmer's wood and iron bridges are giving good satisfaction and are getting to be quite popular in this section.

A Youthful Mathematician.

Florence Rashford, eight and one-half years of age, residing at Madison, Wis., is quite a prodigy in mathematics. At the closing exercises of the kindergarten of that place, a short time ago she did the following example on the blackboard in one minute and a half: 387,654,321 divided by 90,735, giving a quotient of 9,609 and remainder of 60,... She also proved it, multiplying the the divisor by the quotient and adding in the remainder. It would puzzle many an older head to do it in the same time.

Baptist Church Items.

The subject of the discourse next Sunday morning will be "The unchangeable Christ." In the evening the pastor will reply to the following question: "Should the Seventh day of the week be observed as the Sabbath?"

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon there will be preaching at the Gallup school house.

Next Monday morning at 9 o'clock there will be a meeting of the church and congregation for the purpose of accepting proposals to repair and improve the meeting house. It is very important that all interested should be present.

Broke His Mustang.

Vet Sarr was trying to break a mustang last Monday, and he most effectually accomplished it—in fact, it is the best broken mustang in the state. Vet had put a bitting rig on the pony and was trying to teach him the ways of civilization, to which operation the product of Texas did not seem to take kindly, and rearing up he threw himself over backwards, striking his head on a stone, and breaking his skull. By the way, that is a good place to break a mustang—right on top of the head between the ears. It is the only way that you can get them under perfect control and have them where you know you can depend upon them.

Poor House Contract Let.

The contract for the building of the county poor house has been let to Davitt & O'Brien of Bradford, whose names alone insures good, honest work and an early completion of the job. The contract price is $25,000, which includes everything from the foundation up with the exception of the steam fitting and plumbing. Under the terms of the contract they are to have the buildings all under roof by the 15th day of October and the job completed and ready for occupancy by December the 15th. So by the first of next year the buildings will probably be sheltering the poor of this county and we hope to see the new system of taking care of our paupers in successful operation.

—From the stories told by the survivors of the Greely expedition we have come to the conclusion that this climate is good enough for us, and that we would not know what to do with the north pole if we did find it.

Glass Works.

MR. EDITOR—Few people are aware of the great advantage that would accrue to this place in having a glass factory established here. In the first place no other manufacturing business leaves so large a percentage of its gross receipts in the hands of the workmen as the glass business, and no other business can be carried on with so small a capital in proportion to the gross receipts. Fifteen thousand dollars capital would be enough to start a window glass factory of the size of the one in Bradford that would turn out over fifty thousand dollars worth of manufactured glass per year, fully two thirds of which would be paid for labor and material, all produced at home. Glass blowers earn more than any other laborers, and as a rule, they spend it all as they get it. Could such a factory be started here it would add more than three times its cost to the value of real estate in and about town. The way the glass works or companies were started at Bradford and Olean, was by the citizens subscribing by way of taking stock, to the amount of about two-thirds of the capital required for starting, and the balance was furnished by practical glass men who came and built the works and took charge of the same.

Now, why cannot the property owners have enterprise enough, or rather regard enough for their own interests, to organize such a company, and subscribe the necessary stock to ensure the starting of a factory here? A crew of experienced hands are ready to engage for the first year. If this present opportunity is let pass some neighboring town of more enterprise than this will certainly take the prize.

CITIZEN.

Smethport, July 22 1884.

Go to D. C. Youngs' to purchase your clothing, and take advantage of his great reduction in prices that he has made in order to make room for his fall stock.

PERSONAL MENTION.

[illegible]

Frank Brown of Wilcox, is visiting Brownell Bros.

Mrs. Newman of Buffalo, is visiting Mrs. D. C. Young.

Miss Emma Hamlin is visiting friends and relatives in Ellicottville, N. Y.

R. C. Harvey of Coudersport, made the MINER office a pleasant call on Thursday.

R. M. H. Rose and family are visiting at Mr. Rose's old home at Silver Lake, Pa.

Jack Delaney, master mechanic of the B. B. & K. R. R., is here putting in a switch on the poor farm.

Miss Lena Pope of Olean, N. Y. and Miss Emily Sommers of Ashbury Park, N. J., were guests of Mrs. H. L. Wilson last week.

Mrs. Ernest Koester of Bradford, spent Tuesday and Wednesday of this week in this place with her father Col. A. I. Wilcox.

Misses Jessie Brown of Bradford, Tina Howell of Alfred Centre and Mamie Satchell of Cuba, N. Y., are visiting Miss Addie Brownell of this place.

Mrs. Frederick McCoy of Ellicottville and Mrs. A. G. Price of Buffalo, were visiting Dr. W. Y. McCoy and other friends and relatives in this place last week.

Conductor F. C. Stuby was called to Attica, N. Y., last Tuesday to attend the funeral of his brother, C. A. Stuby, late conductor on the N. Y. L. E. & W. R. R. Mr. Stuby leaves a wife and one child.

Hon. W. L. Hardison, of Santa Paula, Cal., who was formerly a member of the state house of representatives from this county, was in town this week. Mr. Hardison speaks in glowing terms of the country in which he now resides.

What is the Trouble?

The MINER package should reach Custer City every Saturday without fail. A subscriber who gets his paper at that office complains that he is not able to get it until Monday, although other subscribers receive theirs Saturday. They all go to the office in one package and there is no reason why every subscriber should not be served alike.

B. D. AMES of Bradford, has opened a wagon shop in connection with Purtle & Kruger's blacksmith shop. Mr. Ames is a first class workman and will give his attention to repairing as well as new work. Give him a call. 31t4

The Newark Machine Company.

The Newark Machine Company of Newark, Ohio, whose factory burned on Saturday morning last, and consumed a large number of clover hullers, grain drills, rakes, Hoosier fans, &c. A large force of men are now at work building clover hullers, grain drills, &c. They are getting out material at the B. & O. Shops at Zanesville, and Jno. H. Thomas & Sons, Springfield, who have kindly tendered them their factories, at which places they are getting out wood work for clover hullers, &c., and expect to have some on the market by August 1st. They have received many letters and telegrams from different manufacturers throughout the U. S., offering them aid in any way, and the firms that heretofore supplied them with raw material have telegraphed them offering anything they may have that could be used in the construction of their implements at low prices and long credit. Their insurance is about $250,000 distributed among 51 first class companies in this country and Europe, and the adjusters are now there and at work, and expect to finish the whole thing soon. The Company has commenced building one shop 225 ft. by 40 ft. 3 stories high and 300 ft. of shedding to be used for work shop and paint room, and they expect to be ready after August 1st, to fill any orders in their line of goods.

CLOTHING at greatly reduced prices at D. C. Youngs'.

OBITUARY.

LILL—In Hono San Luis Obispo county, Cal., June 10, 1884, Fanny H. Lill, daughter of the late Rev. A. J. Lill, formerly of Smethport, aged 2? years.

Early in the spring Fanny was obliged to leave her school work, and in April went with her mother to California hoping to be benefitted by the change. While there she won the hearts of all by her patient endurance and happy resignation. Whatever loving hearts could suggest or willing hands could perform were hers. Life was full of meaning to her, and with her strong purpose and infinite will she accomplished much. For years Fanny battled with disease and struggled, as only such brave natures can to gain the victory, but death conquered at last. Her life work is ended, "school is dismissed." We mourn the loss of a faithful teacher, a true friend, and a sincere christian.

God keeps a niche
In heaven to hold our idols, and albeit
God brake them to our faces, and denied
That our close kisses should impair their white,
I know we shall behold them raised complete,
The dust swept from their beauty—glorified,
New Memnons singing in the great God-light.

GREAT reduction in clothing at D. C. Youngs' store, to make room for a fall stock.

—Barnum, Jumbo and the white elephant will be in Rochester next Thursday, the 31st inst. The Rochester & Pittsburg railroad will sell excursion tickets at half fare from all stations between Machias and Rochester, to which is attached a coupon of admission to the show. The morning train will reach the city in time for the street parade.

Blaine and Logan Meetings.

A largely attended republican meeting was held at Kane City Monday night in the skating rink. Addresses were made by Ernest Koester, J. M. McElroy, Col. E. H. Brady, A. J. Carr, A. F. Banaon and Dr. Whitcomb. Much enthusiasm was manifested and the meeting a success.

The republicans of Rixford met last Saturday evening and organized a Blaine and Logan club with a membership of thirty three, which in a few days, if the list keeps on increasing as it has, will soon number 100 strong. The following are the officers of the organization:

President—Hon. G. A. Foster; Vice Presidents—Geo. Wolters, E. Disney, R. Thompson, Wm. Brennan; Secretaries—S. R. Glenn, Frank Hubbard; Treasurer—Wm. Sheffler; Executive committee—Geo. Crandall, J. K. Hubbard, J. M. Parks, Geo. Lattimore, Thos. Disney; Marshals—Wm. Parker, J. G. Parks.

After organizing an address was delivered by J. C. Leonard which was loudly applauded. The republicans of Rixford are the first in the county with a Blaine and Logan pole raising. On last Tuesday afternoon a large crowd assembled at that place and flung to the breeze their banner. Several stirring speeches were made and those who were present report that the woods are full of Blaine and Logan men in that vicinity.

Port Allegany is enthusiastic for Blaine and Logan and on Saturday night a meeting took place at the store of K. Hanlon for the purpose of forming a Blaine and Logan club. Elias Horton was elected permanent chairman, O. Vosburg vice president, C. A. Larrabee secretary, Dr. F. W. Hogarth assistant secretary, T. B. Day treasurer and A. M. Selden, L. L. Ellibridge and O. Vosburg as a vigilance committee. There was a good attendance. Mr. L. B. Holden back made some very appropriate remarks which the crowd appreciated by outbursts of applause. The club starts off with 65 members with good prospects of having that number trebled within a few days. Among the members of the club are several life long democrats who say that they do not want to compete with foreign pauper labor and will vote for Blaine and Logan. No free trade for them. L.

Port Allegany, July 22, '84.

Bradford has a red hot young republican club. It was organized last Friday night and the council chambers were filled to overflowing with young and enthusiastic Blaine and Logan men. The meeting was addressed by N. M. Orr, Esq., Col. Brady, J. M. McElroy, G. L. Roberts, Councilman Tucker and Joseph Morehead. They adopted a constitution and by-laws and elected the following officers:

President—George A. Sturgeon; Vice Presidents—Chas. V. Brett, J. T. Evans, F. N. Hallock, J. B. Chapman and Delos Armstrong; Treasurer—J. M. Fink; Secretary—N. F. Grebner; Corresponding secretary—E. P. Whitcomb; Executive committee—Col. E. H. Brady, Clark Hayes, C. H. Dodge, E. J. Boylston, G. D. V. Reeves, W. J. Russell, A. D. Sloan, J. L. Davidson, H. M. Spence, W. S. Watson.

Upon taking the chair Mr. Sturgeon made some telling remarks and thanked the meeting for the favor conferred upon him. The club starts off with 107 names and under a favorable condition to help in the grand cause of securing the election of Blaine and Logan.

A large Blaine and Logan club was organized at Tarport last week. The club now numbers over eighty and the list is growing rapidly. They met in the hall over Butler & Nyes' store on Saturday night, but we are as yet unable to give the names of officers elected.

—Don't forget the meeting of the Blaine and Logan club to-night.

Heart Beats.

Dr. N. B. Richardson, of London, the noted physician, says he was recently able to convey a considerable amount of conviction to an intelligent scholar by a simple experiment. The scholar was singing the praises of the "ruddy bumper," and saying he could not get through the day without it, when Dr. Richardson said to him:

"Will you be good enough to feel my pulse as I stand here?"

He did so. I said, "Count it carefully, what does it say?"

"Your pulse says seventy four."

I then sat down in a chair and asked him to count it again. He did so, and said, "Your pulse has gone down to seventy."

I then lay down on the lounge, and said "Will you take it again?"

He replied, "Why, it is only sixty four, what an extraordinary thing!"

I then said, "When you lie down at night, that is the way nature gives your heart rest. You know nothing about it, but that beating organ is resting to that extent; and if you reckon it up it is a great deal of rest, because in laying down the heart is doing ten strokes less a minute. Multiply that by 60, and it is 600, multiply it by 8 hours, and within a fraction it is 5,000 strokes different, and as the heart is throwing 6 ounces of blood at every stroke, it makes a difference of 30,000 ounces of lifting during the night.

"When I lie down at night without any alcohol, that is the rest my heart gets. But when you take your wine or grog you do not allow that rest, for the influence of alcohol is to increase the number of strokes, and instead of getting this rest you put on something like 15,000 extra strokes, and the result is you rise up very seedy and unfit for the next day's work till you have taken a little more of the 'ruddy bumper,' which you say is the soul of man below."

DIED.

HERZOG—At Norwich, Pa., July 14th, of cholera infantum, Herman, infant son of Chris and Lena Herzog, aged 11 months.

THE Boston *Traveler*, in speaking of the Blaine ratification meeting held in that city last week, says: The ratification meeting held in this city last night was a surprise to many republicans even. The Garfield and Arthur ratification in 1880 was a far less imposing exhibition of popular enthusiasm, while the Hayes and Wheeler ratification of 1876 was altogether tame and feeble by comparison. It recalled the ratifications of Lincoln and Grant in the war period and in the years that closely followed the defeat of the rebellion. The audience was a typical republican audience, composed of the same sterling men and women who are always found in Boston's public halls whenever the republican party summons them to its support.

IT SHOULD go on record that the republicans of this city organized the first Blaine and Logan club in the United States. The club was formed a half hour before the candidates were nominated, and Senator Lewis Emery, Jr., named president of the organization. This action was in consequence of a telegram from Chicago from the latter gentleman, forwarded on the instant that the announcement was made that Indiana gave her delegates to Blaine. The senator called the turn at once.—Bradford *Mail*.

AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER.

To All Wanting Employment.

We want live, energetic and capable agents in every county in the United States and Canada, to sell a patent article of great merit, on its merits. An article having a large sale, paying over 100 per cent. profit, having no competition, and on which the agent is protected in the exclusive sale by a deed given for each and every county he may secure from us. With all these advantages to our agents, and the fact that it is an article that can be sold to every householder, it might not be necessary to make an "extraordinary offer" to secure good agents at once, but we have concluded to make it to show, not only our confidence in the merits of our invention, but in its salability by any agent that will handle it with energy. Our agents now at work are making from $150 to $600 a month clear, and this fact makes it safe for us to make our offer to all who are out of employment. Any agent that will give our business a thirty days' trial and fail to clear at least $100 in this time, above all expenses can return all goods unsold to us, and we will refund the money paid for them. Any agent or general agent who would like ten or more counties and work them through sub agents for ninety days, and fail to clear at least $750 above all expenses, can return all unsold and get their money back. No other employer of agents ever dared to make such offers, nor would we if we did not know that we have agents now making more than double the amount we guaranteed, and but two sales a day would give a profit of over $125 a month, and that one of our agents took eighteen orders in one day. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and these we wish to send to every one out of employment who will send us three one cent stamps for postage. Send at once and secure the agency in time for the boom, and go to work on the terms named in our extraordinary offer. We would like to have the address of all the agents, sewing machine solicitors and carpenters in the country and ask any reader of this paper who reads this offer, to send us at once the name and address of all such they know. Address at once, or you will loose the best chance ever offered to those out of employment to make money.

RENNER MANUFACTURING CO.,
24 3m 166 Smithfield St., Pittsburg, Pa.

—Chicago is having the pleasure of witnessing some fast trotting this summer. One week ago last Saturday a new horse called Winship made the unprecedented record of 2:09¼ and a short time before that Westmont, the pacing stallion, made a mile in 2:01¼. Maud S, Jay Eye See and others will have to look out for their laurels.

We are Anxious

That every young lady should know what a delicate and harmless beautifier is to be found in Hamilton's Oriental Balm. It is absolutely harmless, and it makes the complexion so soft, and brilliant, so surely removes all tan and freckles that one needs only to give it a trial to be convinced of its merits. Only 50 cents per bottle. Sold by Armstrong and McCoy.

—The deaths from cholera at Marseilles have reached an average of sixty daily and still increasing. There was undoubtedly a death from the disease in Paris last week. If this dread disease, which is said to travel several miles a day, should turn its steps in the direction of America, it would be a damper on this fall's campaign.

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habit, can be cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects result from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Circulars and testimonials sent free. Address, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race street, Cincinnati, O.

—"I wish I was a belt," he said. "Why?" she asked. "Then I could always be around you." "I wish you were an anchor," she remarked. "Why?" he asked. "Then you'd go weigh," she answered.

Polishing the Wrong End

Many men daily polish their boots who never give a thought to the condition of their hair, except to harrow it casually with brush and comb, or submit it to the paralyzing attentions of the average barber. What happens? Why this. From neglect, mental anxiety, or any of a score of causes, the hair turns prematurely gray and begins to fall out. Parker's Hair Balsam will at once stop the latter process and restore the original color. An elegant dressing, free from grease.

IT is interesting to notice that while Mr. Cleveland's nomination is received with unqualified praise in Mexico and in Europe, the foreign press generally denounces Mr. Blaine in unsparing terms. There is something, after all, in having done nothing to merit such abuse as this. A good many Americans beside Mr. Cleveland, would be glad to be popular in England.—New York *Star*.

SEND money by American Express Co. money orders. Receipts given. Money refunded if orders are lost. Sold at all offices of the company. Payable at 6,500 places. Rates: To $5 5c., $10 8c., $20 10c., $30 12c., $40 15c., $50 20c.

M. L. ARMSTRONG,
20-6m Agent for Company.

—A sad eyed stomache was seen hanging dejectedly over a cornfield fence, and when asked why he wept replied: "I was just thinking where I'd have to go if green corn keeps up to sixty cents a dozen."

Drunkenness Cured.

It is generally presumed that when a man has been cured once of some infirmity or complication of diseases by the use of our medicine, that he knows a good thing when he sees it. It is stated by those who know that a monkey cannot be induced to partake a second time of any drink which contains alcohol. It appears as if the memory of the pangs and tortures first inflicted exert a beneficial influence upon the animal. Man is quite different in this regard, and a glance about us will show that numbers of our friends and neighbors are daily becoming the worse by the use of intoxicants. This can be remedied by the moderate use of a well known remedy called Peruna. If the medicine is taken daily, the appetite for the liquor will be finally removed, and the patient, no matter what his previous condition, will be restored to sobriety and society. Yes, Peruna is a great medicine, and should be used by all. Send for it.

MISCELLANEOUS

H. A. SPRAGUE'S
HARDWARE STORE,
Opposite the Grand Central,
IS HEADQUARTERS FOR
Hardware, Stoves, Tinware,
House Furnishing Goods
SILVERWARE,
Cutlery, Lamps,
Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,
Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,
In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The Closest buyers and Economical [illegible] of what they buy concede the fact that same goods of same quality can be bought for less money at the above store than any other place in the Country.
A COMPETENT TINNER
Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale on the said premises herein described, on MONDAY, August 4th, 1884, at 3 o'clock p. m.

All the defendants' interest in and to all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in Foster (formerly Bradford) township, McKean county, and state of Pennsylvania, beginning at a maple tree being the northwest corner of the Chamberlain tract, thence east along the northerly line of said Chamberlain tract forty-five and twenty one-hundredths (45 20-100) rods to a post in the northwest corner of land conveyed by John Dingman to A. S. Palmer; thence by line of said land conveyed to A. S. Palmer south thirty-four and forty-eight one-hundredths (34 48-100) rods to a post, thence east by south line of said land conveyed to A. S. Palmer forty-six and thirty-two one-hundredths (46 32-100) rods to a post in the east line of land allotted to John H. Dingman in action of partition in Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, between John H. Dingman and James O'Neil and others, thence by said east line south sixty-nine (69) rods to a post, thence by a line parallel with the north line of said Chamberlain tract west ninety-one and twenty-eight one-hundredths (91 28-100) rods to a post in the west line of said Chamberlain tract, thence by said west line north one hundred and three and fifty six one-hundredths (103 56-100) rods to the place of beginning; containing sixty acres of land, more or less, and being part of lands allotted to John H. Dingman and others in action of partition, together with nineteen (19) oil wells thereon, and 3 boilers 18 engines 19 carpenter rigs, and all tubing, casing, pipes, fittings, connections, fixtures, and all machinery, buildings, &c., thereon or thereunto belonging or in anywise appurtaining.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of F. W. Andrews and C. H. Bittles at the suit of G. H. Ford.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office Smethport Pa., July 16, 1884.
Smiley & Morrison, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, Pa., on

MONDAY, JULY 28th, 1884

at 2 o'clock p. m., all the defendant's interest in and to the following piece or parcel of land situate in the borough of Eldred, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit:—Beginning at a point in centre of Edson street 25 feet west of the southwest corner of the Samuel Baldwin lot, thence west by centre of Edson street 25 feet to southeast corner of the Carroll Eaton lot, thence north by said Eaton's east line 100 feet more or less to lands of Chas. Hatch; thence east by said Hatch's south line 25 feet to corner, thence south 100 feet more or less to centre of Edson street the place of beginning, containing 2500 square feet of land more or less. Improved. Having thereon one one-and-a-half story house about 18x20 feet, and one out house.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Frank Hills at the suit of Isaac Topliss.

Sheriff's office, Smethport Pa., July 8, '84.
A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF VENDITIONI Exponas issued out of the court of Common Pleas of McKean County and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale on the said premises, on

MONDAY, JULY 28th, 1884

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following tract of land situate in Otto township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:—Beginning at the southwest corner of O. C. McFall's lot, thence south 8½ degrees east along M. Louth's south line 82 34-100 rods to stake and stones, thence south 14 degrees east 19 55-100 rods to stake and stones, thence north 86½ degrees west 8½ rods to stake and stones in Mitchell's line, thence north 14 72-100 rods to place of beginning, containing ten acres more or less, and being part of Warrant No. 3958 and having three oil wells complete, three engines, one boiler and one 250 barrel tank thereon.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Nelson T. Saunders at the suit of O. T. Mallie.

Sheriff's office, Smethport Pa., July 8, '84.
A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
Berry, Tibbits & Jack, Plffs Attys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF LEVARI facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale on the premises described below, on MONDAY, JULY 28, A. D. 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m.

All the defendant's interest in and to all that certain leasehold estate situate in McKean county, Pa., being part of lot No. 271, Langham estate, in Keating township bounded east by lease of Thompson and others, south by lease of Warren Oil Company, west and north by leases of Jones, containing five acres, more or less, together with the property thereon situated and belonging to the same, consisting of one oil well, one water well, one engine, one boiler, 250-barrel tank, about 2000 feet of tubing, 300 feet of casing, fitting, connections and all appurtenances belonging to one complete oil well and water well.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Amos Harrington at the suit of Thomas Perry.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office Smethport Pa., July 10, 1884.
Smiley and Morrison, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Sealed Proposals

WILL be received by the undersigned until Saturday, August 2, 1884, for the building of two school houses in Keating township. For plans, specifications and locality call at the MINER office. The board reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

M. C. STICKLES,
Sec'y Keating School Board.
Smethport, Pa., July 24, 1884.—2t

Financial Statement

Of Keating Township School District.

THOMAS HUSSEY	Dr.
Amount from treasury	$ 2008 53
Amount of duplicate	2423 25
Balance on hand	909 75
State appropriation	475 06
Total	5,900 33
	Cr.
Orders paid	4780 16
Commissions	95 81
Abatements	102 63
Exonerations	204 78
Money received 5 per cent off	10 57
Total	5,223 95
Bal due Township	$ 182 38

We the auditors of Keating Township, having examined the above accounts, do find them as above stated.

CASPER SMITH, } Aud'rs.
O. C. HAVENS, }
Attest: O. D. BEAN, Clerk.
Keating, Pa., July 10, 1884.—3t.

Financial Statement

of Lafayette Township School District for 1883-4

J. W. BEACON, TREASURER.	Dr.
Collection for '82 and '83	$ 106 70
Duplicate	6,609 14
Co. Treasurer	2,500 00
State Appropriation	211 12
Rent	3 00
Seats	7 00
Sale of Bonds	1 500 00
Refunded on Vouchers	19 39
Bal due Treasurer	235 90
	$ 11 381 61
	Cr.
Due Treasurer of '82 and '83	$ 118 16
Teachers Vouchers	4 213 77
Books and Furniture	1 446 51
Salaries	117 55
Building	1,709 51
Legal Expenses	34 01
Necessary Expenses	108 69
Stoves	204 50
Repairs	975 89
Interest	204 00
Insurance	105 00
Fuel	303 50
5 per ct. off $2,955 87	147 79
Exonerations	174 84
Due from Collector	1,293 42
2 per ct. Treas. fees on $9,632 50	192 65
	$ 11,381 61

PATRICK MEANEY, Pres.
S. S. WASHBURN, Sec'y.
Lafayette, Pa., June 25, 1884.—4t.

Administrators Notice.

WHEREAS LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION have been issued to the undersigned administrators of the estate of Thos. B. Frisbee, deceased late of Keating township, McKean county, Pa., all parties having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same duly authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

MANVILLE TUTTLE, } Adm's.
JAMES BLACK. }
Keating, June 15th, 1884. 26-6t.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BERGSTRESSER'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY
SMETHPORT, PA.
COPYING AND ENLARGING
A Specialty.
Landscaping and Viewing
Of all descriptions promptly attended to.
Picture Frames of all Kinds.

ALEXANDER INSTITUTE.
A military Boarding School at White Plains, N. Y., 22 miles from New York City by Rail. Fits boys for College or Business pursuits. Number of pupils from 30 to 40. Number of teachers 5. Price of Board and Tuition per annum $[illegible]. For circulars and full information apply to the Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE.
SMETHPORT
BOROUGH LOTS
The subscriber offers the following lots in the Borough Plot of Smethport for sale at
LOW PRICES
And on the following reasonable terms: Twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on delivery of the contract, and the balance in three equal payments in one, two and three years.
The lots number from the northwest corner to the northeast, and from the southwest corner to the southeast in each square, No. 1 being the northwest corner and No. 8 being the southeast corner lot.
IN SQUARE 85.
Lots 1 and 2 facing on Main street, and Lots 5 and 6 facing on Water street.
IN SQUARE 86.
Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 facing on Main street, and Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8 facing on Water street.
IN SQUARE 87.
Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 facing on Main street, and Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8 facing on Water street.
IN SQUARE 67.
Lots 2, 3 and 4 facing on King street, and Lots 6, 7 and 8 facing on Main street.
IN SQUARES 45, 46, 47, 48.
Sixteen Lots facing on King street, and sixteen Lots facing on Green street.
IN SQUARE 24.
Four Lots facing on Green street, and four Lots facing on North street; four acres lying on the east side of and facing on Main street, bounded by lots of Mrs. Irons, A. D. Hamlin's estate and S. A. Bishop; Outlots facing on North street, containing seventeen acres, on which there is a valuable Stone Quarry for sale or to be leased separate. Also the
OUTLOTS
Lying between Water street and Marvin creek, containing about twenty acres, through which the Bradford and Smethport railroad runs. These lots are well adapted for the location of manufacturing works and will be sold on the most reasonable terms.
All information relating to Title and Prices of Lots will be given by my attorneys, Messrs. Morrison & Apple, Smethport, Pa.
L. ROGERS.
Leadville, Col., March 28, 1884.

EVERYBODY GOES TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
—FOR A—
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked,
—FOR—
FRESH & SALT FISH
—AND FOR ALL—
FRUITS AND VEGETBLES.
I will also pay the highest price for
VEAL AND HIDES
CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF
Nearly opposite Catholic church, Main st.
J. F. ROONEY.

The Best
Meat and Vegetable
MARKET!
—IN—
SMETHPORT
I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with
Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.
—ALSO—
VEGETABLES
IN THEIR SEASON.
A Full Line of
CANNED GOODS
Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.
C. W. WILLIAMS.
Main Street, - - Smethport, Pa.

WAGON,
Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,
MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.
HORSESHOEING!
A SPECIALTY.
The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with
Bad Feet!
All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

Specht & Sasse,
PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,
Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE PLACE
—TO BUY—
Hardware and Crockery
—AT—
NEW YORK PRICES
—IS AT—
L. W. MASON'S STORE,
Three doors west of the Kittredge Opera House building.
PARTICULARS HEREAFTER.

W. R. WEAVER. 1876–1884. L. EMERY, JR.
L. EMERY, JR., & CO
41 and 43 Main Street,
BRADFORD PENN'A.
GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE.
MANUFACTURERS,
IMPORTERS, AND JOBBERS.
HOUSE SUPPLIES,
PAINTS AND OILS,
WOODEN WARE,
BRUSHES, BASKETS,
GRANITE IRON WARE,
COMMON TINWARE,
BLACKSMITHS' SUPPLIES,
MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,
SILVER-PLATED WARE,
Solid Sterling Silver Spoons.
BABY CARRIAGES,
BOYS' WAGONS AND CARTS,
GENERAL HARDWARE,
THE BEST KEDZIE WATER FILTER.
You can purchase anything you want at this Establishment.
L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,
BRADFORD, - - PA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PE-RU-NA

[illegible]

MANALIN [illegible]

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

[illegible]

[illegible] a purely vegetable preparation, composed of a choice and skillful combination of Nature's best remedies. The discoverer does not claim it a cure for all the ills, but boldly warrants it to cure every form of disease arising from a torpid liver, impure blood, disordered kidneys, and where there is a broken down condition of the system, requiring a prompt and permanent tonic. It never fails to restore the sufferer. Such is BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. Sold by all druggists, who are authorized by the manufacturers to refund the price to any purchaser who is not benefited by the use.

PRICE, $1.00.

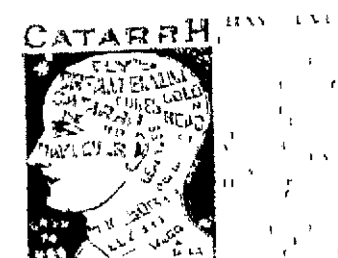
FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Props., BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

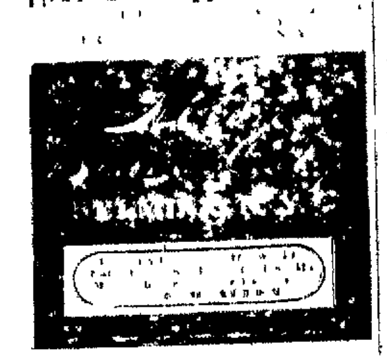
Health is Wealth!

[illegible]

THOMPSON & WOOD, Druggists, Bradford, Pa.

CATARRH, HAY FEVER





Thousands of suffering from CONSTIPATION [illegible]

DR. HENRY BAXTER'S MANDRAKE BITTERS

[illegible], Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, [illegible], Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc. [illegible] Sick Headache [illegible]

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Price 25 cts. per bottle.

[illegible]

AGENTS Wanted! [illegible] Books & Bibles [illegible]

BROWNELL BROS

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc

[illegible]

White Sewing Machines

[illegible]

Smethport, - Pa.

[illegible]

McKean County Miner

THE TREASURE CASKET.

"Avaunt villain!"

[illegible] a powerful built [illegible] with strength [illegible] and [illegible] and degradation [illegible]

[illegible]

Two years before our story begins a [illegible]

[illegible]

"Would you like to know [illegible]

[illegible]

She had given him a punt of strawberries. [From "A Newport Aquarel," by Murat Halstead.

The latest Cincinnati song is "My Boy! Where is Your Father To-night?"

Making it Safe.

A young New York artist having finished a large historical painting of "Lincoln Signing the Emancipation Proclamation," carried it to a Broadway picture dealer to be placed on exhibition.

"It is not quite dry," remarked the young Raphael [illegible] "and you had better put a railing in front of it to prevent the public from touching it."

"That's a fact. I'll tell you what I'll do. I've got a board the painters left at my house when they were painting the door. It has got 'Fresh Paint' on it in large letters. I'll just put that up over your picture."

The young artist somehow or other, did not second the motion with the vociferous enthusiasm that might have been expected.

Would Cover the Case.

[Arkansaw Traveler.]

"My son," said an old man, "always be polite."

"To everybody?"

"Yes, to everybody. Be polite to those you owe and those you desire to owe. By observing this rule you will mostly well cover the case."

[illegible] weakness acidity of stomach, liver and kidney diseases, urine retention in children (or wetting the bed) have all been cured in a great number of cases by using Thompson's Liver and Kidney Cure. Prepared by E. K. Thompson, Titusville.

White Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment for hard and feverish hoofs. Sold by W. T. Callar. Price 25 cts.

STENOGRAPHY AT WASHINGTON.

How the Work is Done on The Congressional Record.

Washington [illegible]

The [illegible] however, of shorthand writing in Washington is obtained from the government. The President, all of the cabinet officers, [illegible] each of the [illegible], and the chairmen of committees in the house of representatives have clerks or [illegible]

[illegible]

These official reporters [illegible]

[illegible]

A Carpenter in the Plane.

[illegible]

Marble Pictures.

[illegible]

Dr. [illegible] Smith has been engaged [illegible]

[illegible] able to statuary pottery and [illegible] tables as well as architectural decoration.

Coolies in Mexico.

Mexico [illegible] to shut out the Chinaman [illegible] the cotton, sugar and coffee lands, that is now taking, in [illegible] force.

Our stomach [illegible] simple herbs,
[illegible] perfect [illegible]
Than [illegible] fools who sip their crystal [illegible]
And from the gutter of deceitful wealth.
—Elmond.

Cattle in Chihuahua.

[Mexican [illegible]]

The state of Chihuahua will soon be the leading cattle state of Mexico. [illegible] cattle are said to be remarkably free from disease, and the climate is so mild that the animals can fatten on open pastures all the year round. [illegible] that portion of Mexico lacks water, which has to be supplied for stock by wells and windmills. A large grant on the Florido river has been purchased by Scotch capitalists [illegible] company has bought 100,000 acres of land in Mexico and is negotiating for 9,000,000 more for colonizing purposes.

Water-Melon Headquarters.

[illegible]

Melon growers, too, are forming one of those "pools" into which our [illegible] Atlanta is to be the [illegible] distributing centers to a population of over 3,000,000 people through the northwest.

[illegible] keeping a record [illegible] but as much as the [illegible]

Remember This.

Hamilton's German Bitters are the best bitters made. They promote sleep and allay nervousness. They tone up and strengthen the system, without exciting the brain as do most other stimulants. They soothe to rest the jarring nerves, and calm the irritable and jaded system. They are prepared from the purest materials and are the best medicines you can use for restoring health and strength. Try them. 50 cents a bottle. Sold by Armstrong and McCoy.

Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment, for external use is equally good. For sale at A. R. Armstrong's.

Why They Couldn't Hear Him.

[Philadelphia Record.]

Gen. James C. Strong, of Buffalo, was here this week. He arrived on the twenty-second anniversary of the day upon which he was shot down upon a southern battlefield. He was struck in the hip (the wound is famous among physicians and surgeons, I am told) in a very peculiar way, and lay by a log in great agony all day. In the evening after the battle he heard the voices of his men calling him from different parts of the field. "Col. Strong!" they hallooed. He replied by shouting at the top of his voice, "Here I am!" "Here I am!" Still his men kept shouting, "Col. Strong!" "Col. Strong!" Again he replied with all his might, "Here I am!" "Here I am!" The searchers came nearer, still shouting "Col. Strong!" Col. Strong always replied, "Here I am!" with all his might.

At last they were within three feet of him. "Here I am!" he shouted. They came nearer but in a slow uncertain way. Finally one of them leaned over the log, flashing his lantern light full on the prostrate man. "Why here's the colonel now," he said to his companions in tones of surprise. So they gathered him up and carried him to the hospital. As soon as he was well enough he asked the man who had found him on the battlefield why he had not come to him at once when he had called him. "Well, you see, colonel," said the soldier, "we heard you all over the field, and then we heard you were shouting so scarcely audible was 'Here I am.'"

Latham's Sidewalk Police.

[illegible]

New Yorkers had a good chance, the other day, to see what sort of show the police make in a body. It was the annual parade of the finest, and it certainly was a good show of its kind, though only half the force was in line, the other half being on duty. The line that marched up Broadway was [illegible] A finer exhibition of [illegible]

[illegible] and all that they are never afraid to face their duty.

Animal Plants.

[illegible]

Infant Beverages and Peptic Indigestion.

Dr. James Fraser has undertaken a series of experiments to determine the effect of ordinary infant beverages [illegible]

[illegible]

John Marshall's Nose.

After the unveiling of the Marshall statue, some descendants of the great chief justice visited the congress [illegible] In the party were two very aged daughters of Judge Marshall, one of whom [illegible] remembered him. The [illegible] asked for her opinion of the likeness of the statue. She replied that the profile was an excellent likeness, but that [illegible] could scarcely be better, but that the front view was not so good.

"Has the artist taken any liberties?" asked Mrs. [illegible]

"Yes," replied the lady, "he has made the nose [illegible] the original."

She admitted that her grandfather had a big nose.

Central American Cotton.

[illegible]

[illegible] that cotton was undoubtedly native to that locality. I brought back to Panama some specimens which I plucked from the bushes. [illegible] grow to the height of ten feet and upward and [illegible] grow wild [illegible] a shrub in southern states. The quality is good, as I will prove to you by sending a bit of the cotton to this city. Why do not the natives cultivate it?

Answer: Too lazy.

Andrew Lang: All novels are good if they amuse us and awaken our sympathy with men and take us out of ourselves and away from this world of care.

Blasted Dr. Dio

[illegible]

This man looked robust until he got near you. Then you saw that he had not much besides his size left of former brawn and muscle. His face was pale where it had been ruddy; his eyes were dull where they had been bright and his gait was unsteady where it had been stable. For a few years he had been a teacher in those cases of lung and strong life. I need only mention the name of Dio Lewis to bring to your mind one of the most widely known radicals in the field of health-conduct with disease. He was one of those full-blooded vital men who have no kindly consideration for persons of less aggressive physique. He liked to sleep in a polar temperature, and to take plunges into the icy whirlpool of his bathtub.

Not content with having filled hundreds of books with his guidance to health, he lately started a magazine to further disseminate his views. He had to [illegible] year before this to camp it in on the Pacific coast and had some back sets a tremendous load of astonishing [illegible] theories and recommendations. But the anxiety to be every point of his [illegible] as to how he was going to live to be a centenarian has suddenly come in a complete physical breakdown. He is compelled to stop all mental work and to retire to a farm in New Jersey for rest.

"We know Dr. Grave's Heart Regulator will cure Heart Disease. 20 years use and many persons of prominence testify to it."—Evansville, Press. $1 per bottle at druggists.

Dunlap has reporters down fine—He says they all tell snake stories.

SOWING AND HARVEST.

[Mrs. D. H. Henning.]

Ah, not to sow with tenderest care,
The precious seed,
To water with a tearful prayer,
To watch, to wait through sun and rain
Till hope has turned to bitter pain,
And then, to find the noisome weed,
Doth raise its head
Where should have bloomed the blossom sweet,
Where should have grown the goodly wheat,
Comes tares instead.

BETTER THAN A PARK.

How a Model Farm Might Add to a City's Pleasure and Instruction.

[Chicago Times.]

If one of our numerous parks was laid out and managed as a model farm it might be made a source of pleasure and instruction. An effort should be made to raise every kind of vegetable that will grow in this latitude. If specimens of all the different breeds of domesticated animals and fowls were kept on it its value as a school of instruction would be greatly increased. Many city bred people old as well as young, cannot tell a heifer from a cow from a Devon, or distinguish a Southdown sheep from a Merino. They know nothing about the different breeds of horses, pigs, geese, ducks and chickens.

Most of the young persons in the city do not know the names of a fourth of the trees that grow in the parks or in the streets they travel. No attention is given to the matter in schools and many parents cannot convey the requisite instruction. The average high school graduate cannot give the common or scientific name of half a dozen of our native trees. Ignorance in regard to smaller plants is equally profound. Few young persons born and reared in Chicago ever saw flax, buckwheat, hemp, broomcorn, sorghum or sweet potatoes while growing. Many of them never saw any of the small grains except in the condition in which they are brought to market. The sands who have seen elephants for the [illegible] tobacco, cotton or peanuts in the field. The are too familiar with any of the tree that [illegible] any never saw a [illegible] The sight of a pawpaw or mulberry tree would delight them or more than a view of a drove of camels or a cage of monkeys.

A model stock and vegetable farm could be laid out and managed for the fourth of the expense of either of our numerous parks and would be a much greater novelty to most who visit it. A planting of a farm, a forest as near as possible to a native wood as [illegible] that began should be treated [illegible] would possess a kind of beauty of [illegible] any of the high art floral groves established in the finished parks.

A collection of native and acclimated, wild and cultivated plants would be of great value to all young persons and of special value to beginners of all ages. Visitors from other countries would derive much useful instruction from such collections are common in the large cities of the old world, and they should be here. They are much more interesting than collections of wild animals.

APPEARANCES ARE DECEPTIVE.

A Bully Convinced of the Advantage of Being Left-Handed.

[New York Sun.]

"Appearances are deceptive," the driver of a Third avenue car remarked. "About a week ago last night a young man hailed the car at [illegible] street and came forward to smoke a cigar. He was a pale faced, slender, foppish dandy sort of a fellow. He wore one kid glove and carried the other glove and a dainty little walking stick. He was going to light his second cigar. He took it from a little case mounted in gold and inquired, 'Dwivah, see heah, will you take a cigah?' 'Can smoke it after hours, you know.' I did take the cigar and it was a jolly good one, too.

"At [illegible] street a rough fellow with a bull neck and a big brawny hand got on and planted himself right next to the little dandy. Now, thought I, my little fellow will be run and his little tramp under. The dandy, with his little gloved hand in his right hand [illegible] was fanning me rather behind me and the bully fully. I had seen him often and knew him well by sight as an ugly customer. I was a little uneasy.

"'Give me a cigar, my sweet beauty,' said the bully after he had taken the measure of the young fellow.

"After a [illegible] proceeding, that, I [illegible] little dandy [illegible] But he handed the rowdy a cigar and then took a fresh one himself, lighted it from the stump of his former one and turned over the stump to the bully for a light.

"The bully nosed a minute then [illegible] I think he wished to get off [illegible] room to crush him in between me and the little fellow.

"'Get out of the way, will you,' he [illegible] when the little dandy didn't stir. 'I want to get off.'

"'Plenty of room where you get on, my dear fellah,' answered the little dandy deliberately. 'Weally, my deah boy, I'm too comfortable to move, you see.'

"'Out of the way, I tell you,' growled the bully, 'or I'll mash your nose for you.'

"'Weally that wouldn't be kind, you know, not right, nor pwopah, my dear boy. My nose is twecious and I wouldn't like to have it defaced.'

"The little dandy was lounging lazily against the jamb of the car door and now he straightened himself up as the bully swore.

"'I say that then confound you!'

"He struck out with his right fist, following with his left, and I expected to see the audacious little chap knocked into the street. But he just lifted his left arm with the gloved hand, as quick as lightning, caught the first blow on it, and the second just below it, then straightened out that little arm of his right from the shoulder, and sent his dainty fist like a bullet right into the fellow's face, knocking him completely off his pins. The man reeled, and caught hastily at the iron rod of the platform to save himself, but missed them, and tumbled off the car in a heap on the pavement.

"'Stop,' said the little dandy in a voice as soft as woman's. But I didn't care to stop just then so I whipped up the horses, and the last thing I heard was some loud swearing half a square behind me.

"'You see, dwivah,' said the little fellow, drawing off one of his gloves with the finger of the other, 'what an advantage it weally is to be left handed.' And then he went on smoking as jauntily as ever."

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

I ALWAYS keep your medicines in stock. Down's Elixir is selling better than any Cough Medicine I have and with good results. C. M. SMITH, druggist, Clarkston, Mich.

BARRETT is back in America again with his bellows unimpaired by the chill air of London.

No disease can show such quick results as Heart Disease, do not delay. Dr Grave's Heart Regulator is a specific. $1 per bottle at druggists.

KASHWAY, chief of the Sacs and Fox Indians, has cashed in.

HAY FEVER. I was severely afflicted with Hay Fever for 25 years. I tried Ely's Cream Balm, and the effect was marvellous. It is a perfect cure.—Wm. T. Carr, Presbyterian pastor, Elizabeth, N. J. Price 50 cents.

A VIAL joke is ninety cents a gallon whisky in a five-dollar a-gallon pint flask.

THE clergy, medical faculty and people all endorse Burdock Blood Bitters as the best aid to renovating, blood purifying tonic in the world. Send for testimonials.

$50 given if Centaurine fails to help or cure the worst cases of scabs, scratches, sore necks or wounds of any kind on Horse or man. Sold by W. T. Callar. Price 50 cts.

Vital Questions!!

Ask the most eminent physician
Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves, and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural childlike refreshing sleep always?

And they will tell you unhesitatingly "Some form of Hops!"

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:

What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to women —

"And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically "Buchu!"

Ask the same physicians

What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria, fever, ague, &c.," and they will tell you:

Mandrake! or Dandelion!"

Hence when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable and compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power and yet it is harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or small child to use.

CHAPTER II.

"Patients almost dead or nearly dying"

For years and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs called consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy from agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness and various diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape from excruciating pangs of rheumatism, inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula, erysipelas, saltrheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion and in fact almost all diseases frail nature is heir to have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

None genuine without a bunch of green hops on the white label. Shun all the vile poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

THE leading physicians of the country are using and prescribing Stoda's Little Mandrake Pills.

NO OTHER democratic nominee would have given a greater set back to the republicans of West Virginia. Cleveland [illegible] 10,000 votes to Blaine in this state. Only a republican blunder equal to [illegible] nomination can hold West Virginia to the solid South. The fall to the ticket takes one of the sting from the head. The issue of the national campaign is already determined.—Wheeling Intelligencer (Rep.)

Put a Brand on Him

[illegible]

[illegible]

BAD grammar is frequently the shell that covers much good sense.

HAY FEVER. One and one half bottles of Ely's Cream Balm entirely cured me of Hay Fever of ten years standing. Have had no trace of it for two years.—Albert A. Perry, Smithboro, N. Y. Price 50 cents.

TONIC Laxative Horse Powders, the only guaranteed purely vegetable powder in the market, put up in tin cans. Price 35cts. Sold by W. Callar.

APPLES are about the proper size to transplant for the stomach-ache.

NEARLY all the prominent opponents of Cleveland had a long congressional record behind them on the tariff, the finances, the currency, rivers and harbors and various other subjects of party dispute and there was a manifest reluctance on the part of the convention to go into the campaign upon any of these records. In the want of such a record Governor Cleveland possessed a decided advantage.—Phila. Record (Dem.)

S. B. DURFEY, mate of steamer Arizona, had his foot badly jammed. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured it. Nothing equal to it for a quick pain reliever.

IF you have any regard for your child['s] health when they have a cold don't give them anything but Sneed's Excelsior Cough Syrup.

I HAVE used Joseph's Oil for sore throat, headache and toothache with the best results. Antoin German, Custer City.

A PROMINENT New York independent who has been largely quoted in the papers as vehemently opposed to Mr. Blaine on the ground of his personal character has stated privately within a week that the talk against Blaine's personal character was all bosh; that he personally liked and admired him and believed that his administration would be the most brilliant the country had ever seen, but that he would not support any protectionist. A great many think the same thing, but deny it when it is mentioned in the papers.

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice, 15c.

Rough on Corns, for Corns, Bunions. 15c.

Thin people. Wells' Health Renewer restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, &c. $1.

"Rough on Toothache," instant relief 15c.

Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Buchu paiba," great kidney and urinary cure.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed bugs, rats, mice cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

"Rough on Coughs," troches 15c. liquid 25c.

For children, slow in development, puny and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Rough on Dentist" Tooth Powder. Try it. 15c.

Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup, for feverishness, worms, constipation, tasteless. 25c.

Stinging, irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by "Buchupaiba." $1.

Night sweats, fever, chills, malaria, dyspepsia, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using "Wells' Health Renewer."

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

Prevalence of Kidney complaint in America; "Buchu-paiba" is a quick, complete cure. $1.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MASONIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE!
Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE
of all kinds and of
PRICE AND QUALITY
to suit the purchaser

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of
WALL PAPER!
Constantly on Hand

Friends and patrons are invited
CALL AND SEE US
in our location, and
Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,
Main St., Smethport, Pa.

A PRESENT OF $50.00
—TO—
Horsemen and Farmers.

CENTAURINE!
—THE GREAT—
Cleansing and Healing Compound

Is positively guaranteed to cure the worst case of Scratches, Corks, Sore Necks, Mud Fever or [illegible] kind on Horse or Man. Centaurine has had a local reputation for twelve years dating back to the fall 1873, when [illegible] of petroleum was discovered [illegible] advertising [illegible] The above $50.00 goes. Ask your druggist what our instructions are in regard to it. Recommendations are found in its praise. It's a valuable thing if it fails to perform what it is advertised to do. Price 50 cents per bottle.

OUR TONIC LAXATIVE
HORSE POWDER

is a purely vegetable preparation free from any mineral and has a local reputation with Centaurine. They are put up in tin cans, retaining their medical properties while being used. The only true Tonic and Blood Cleansing Compound in the market. Price 35 cents per box.

[illegible]

White Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment

The great assistant of nature in softening the harder and feverish hoofs. Try a package of these; it will repair them and if they don't prove as represented, let your [illegible] Price 25 cents per box. Manufactured by

WILSON & BRENEMAN,
Pharmaceutists,
KENDALL CREEK, PA

For sale at W. T. Callar's, Smethport, Pa

THE NEXT PRESIDENT

WANTED.—An energetic Ladies or Gentleman of unbounded reference and character will [illegible] work eight hours per day for six months [illegible] engagement as Traveling Agents for "The [illegible] and Careers of the Presidents" [illegible] of which book WILL BE GIVEN FREE. The Lives of the Four Candidates [illegible] for the Lives of the [illegible] when you can get it free. First applicants [illegible] Address [illegible]

HILL & HARVEY [illegible] N. Charles St. Baltimore, Md.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH

Easy to use. A certain cure. Not expensive. Three months treatment in one package. Good for Cold in the Head, Headache, Dizziness, Hay Fever, &c. Fifty cents. By all Druggists, or by mail.

E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

Good Pay for Agents. $100 to $200 per mo. made selling our Grand New History Famous and Decisive Battles of the World. Write to J. C. McCurdy & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

PETER HENDERSON & CO.'S
SEEDS AND PLANTS
Are Annually Sown and Planted in Half a Million Gardens!
This Year's Catalogue Free on Application.
PETER HENDERSON & CO. 35 & 37 Cortlandt Street, NEW YORK.

D. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy.

Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians and receiving no benefit, I was compelled, during the last five years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath; my sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE for ASTHMA and CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES so the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Any person not fully satisfied after using one-third of a box can return the remainder to the proprietor and the money will be refunded, or send me your address for a trial package FREE OF CHARGE. Mrs. W. T. Brown, [illegible] writes: "I suffered with asthma 30 years. Your Great Remedy completely cured me. I wish all afflicted with Asthma and Catarrh to [illegible] for the benefit of the [illegible]" Should your druggist not keep the [illegible] send it by mail on receipt of price $1.00. For sale by all druggists. Address D. LANGELL, Apple Creek, Ohio.

THE COMPLETE HOME. Agents wanted for this beautiful book. New edition.—New bindings.—New illustrations from new designs. Superbly gotten up. Same low price. Adapted to all classes. Sells at sight. Agents doing big work. EXCELLENT TERMS. The handsomest prospectus ever issued. Apply now. BRADLEY, GARRETSON & Co. 66 North 4th St. Philadelphia, Pa. Also other grand new books and Bibles.

GUENTHER'S LUNG HEALER,
[illegible] CURE OF
CONSUMPTION
[illegible]

TRADE MARK

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage and receive free a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers absolutely sure. At once address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Maine.

CUBA BRANCH. To take effect Jan 1 1884.

Westward 28	Westward 26	Stations	Eastward 25	Eastward 2
p m	a m		a m	p m
[illegible]	[illegible]	Ar Cuba Lv	10 00	6 00
[illegible]	[illegible]	Lv Little Genesee ar	11 4[illegible]	6 45
[illegible]	[illegible]	Bolivar	11 [illegible]	6 56

R. C. WILLIAMS, Gen'l Man'gr
JNO. C. McKENNA, G. P. A.

BRADFORD BORDELL & KINZUA RAILROAD Time Table. Takes effect Monday, Jan 1 1884.

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.		1	3	5	7
		a m	p m	p m	a m
Bradford	Dep	[illegible] 10	1 2[illegible]	4 30	
Smethport	Ar	10 0[illegible]	2 20	6 25	
Duke Centre		9 31	2 51	[illegible] 5[illegible]	
Eldred		9 50	3 30	6 10	
Bolivar		10 51	4 14	7 11	7 20
Richburg		10 [illegible]	4 1[illegible]	7 18	6 47
Allentown		11 15	4 35	7 [illegible]	7 45
Wellsville		11 50	5 10	6 10	8 20

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.		2	4	6	8
		a m	a m	p m	p m
Wellsville	Lv	[illegible]	9 3[illegible]	2 18	6 00
Allentown		[illegible]	10 05	2 53	6 35
Richburg		[illegible]	10 17	3 05	[illegible]
Bolivar		[illegible]	[illegible]	3 1[illegible]	[illegible]
Eldred		8 00	11 30	4 20	
Duke Centre		8 19	11 49	4 [illegible]	
Smethport		7 [illegible]	11 [illegible]	4 10	
Bradford	Ar	9 40	1 10	6 00	

Through line between Bradford, Smethport [illegible] and all points in the Allegany oil field! SUNDAY TRAINS—Leave Wellsville at 7.30 a. m. Allentown [illegible] Richburg 8.17, Bolivar [illegible] Eldred 9.33, Duke Centre, 9.45, Smethport [illegible] arriving at Bradford at 11.0 a. m. Returning—Leave Bradford at 4 p. m. arriving at Smethport at 5 [illegible] Duke Centre 5 [illegible] Eldred [illegible] Bolivar 6.31, Richburg 6.43, Allentown, [illegible] Wellsville [illegible]

Bring in Your Work Early
—AND—
AVOID THE GREAT RUSH!

THE
MINER OFFICE
IS NOW TURNING OUT AS
NEAT AND ARTISTIC
—WORK IN THE—
JOB PRINTING
Line as is done in any Establishment in this section of the state.

A TRIAL ORDER IS SOLICITED
—AND—
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table takes effect June 1, 1884.

Northward			Stations.	Southward		
p m	p m	a m	Ar Lv	a m	p m	p m
7 00	4 05	10 35	Buffalo	8 10	1 40	4 40
			Ebenezer			
			Spring Brook			
			Elma			
			Jamison			
6 14	3 26	9 50	East Aurora	8 47	2 [illegible]	4 28
			Wales			
			Holland			
			Protection			
5 36	2 56	9 12	Sardinia Jun.	9 15	3 07	5 05
5 30	2 40	9 06	Arcade	9 35	3 23	5 15
			Yorkshire			
5 07	2 25	8 4[illegible]	Machias	9 57	3 3[illegible]	5 3[illegible]
4 46	2 23	8 36	Franklinville	10 06	3 40	[illegible] 44
			Ischua			
4 24	1 5[illegible]	8 05	Hinsdale	10 [illegible]	4 21	6 11
			Erie R'y June.			
4 01	1 42	7 47	Olean	10 54	4 45	6 2[illegible]
2 15			Bradford	12 4[illegible]	6 54	
2 48	1 26	7 26	Portville	11 18	5 10	6 45
2 [illegible]	1 11	7 06	Eldred	11 2[illegible]	5 [illegible]	[illegible]
5 14	12 57	6 56	Larrabees	11 30	5 42	7 11
			Sartwell			p m
			Turtle Point			
2 45	12 25	6 30	Port Allegany	12 07	6 10	
			Liberty			
			Keating			
			Shippen			
1 45	11 30		Emporium	1 00		6 30
p m	a m	a m	Lv Ar	p m	p m	p m

	Stations	
a m lv		ar p m
4 [illegible]	Harrisburg	
11 20	Philadelphia	6 40
8 00	New York	[illegible]
11 2[illegible]	Baltimore	6 40
10 0[illegible]	Washington	7 [illegible]
p m lv		ar

CLERMONT BRANCH.

L'v Northw'd P M	L'v Northw'd A M	STATIONS.	L'v Southw'd A M	L'v Southw'd P M
3.10	6.45	Larrabees	11.40	5.4[illegible]
3.00	6.4[illegible]	Frisbee	11.52	5.5[illegible]
2.45	6.[illegible]	Farmers Valley	12.02	6.0[illegible]
2.23	[illegible]	Smethport	12.14	6.2[illegible]
2.13	6.15	Crosby	12.29	6.3[illegible]
2.08	6.10	Colegrove	12.35	6.41
2.03	6.07	Hamlin	12.[illegible]	6.45
1.45	5.50	Kernwag	12.[illegible]	[illegible]
1.30	5.30	Clermont	1.10	7.2[illegible]

OLEAN, BRADFORD & WARREN DIVISION

EASTWARD

		a m	a m	p m	p m
Bradford	lv	7 25	9 15	4 15	2 15
Tarport		[illegible] 40	9 20	4 20	2 20
Babcock Mills		7 48	9 28	[illegible]	2 [illegible]
Derrick		7 52	9 32	4 [illegible]	2 [illegible]
Gillmor		7 56	9 [illegible]	4 [illegible]	[illegible]
Red Rock		8 0[illegible]	9 40	4 [illegible]	2 [illegible]
Bells Camp		8 13	9 5[illegible]	4 [illegible]	2 [illegible]
State Line		8 23	10 03	5 0[illegible]	3 0[illegible]
Knapps Creek		8 25	10 0[illegible]	5 0[illegible]	3 0[illegible]
Rock City		8 40	10 15	5 1[illegible]	3 1[illegible]
Four Mile		8 45	10 [illegible]	5 1[illegible]	3 18
Olean		9 25	11 [illegible]	[illegible] 00	4 00
Bolivar		[illegible]	2 45	7 30	
Richburg	ar	[illegible] 30	2 55	7 [illegible]	

WESTWARD

		a m	a m	p m	a m
Richburg	lv	[illegible] 41		4 05	9 15
Bolivar		6 [illegible]		4 [illegible]	[illegible]
Olean		8 30	11 00	[illegible] 20	3 30
Four Mile		8 45	11 43	[illegible] 45	4 14
Rock City		8 48	11 46	[illegible]	4 17
Knapps Creek		8 51	11 52	6 14	4 24
State Line		9 0[illegible]	12 00	6 20	4 [illegible]
Bells Camp		9 0[illegible]	12 [illegible]	[illegible]	4 40
Red Rock		9 21	12 21	6 [illegible]	4 [illegible]
Gillmor		9 25	12 25	[illegible] 45	4 5[illegible]
Derrick		9 2[illegible]	12 [illegible]	[illegible] 4[illegible]	[illegible]
Babcock Mills		9 3[illegible]	12 3[illegible]	6 [illegible]	[illegible]
Tarport		9 41	12 41	7 [illegible]	[illegible] 13
Bradford	ar	9 4[illegible]	12 45	7 [illegible]	5 1[illegible]

Sunday trains leave Olean at 3.30 p. m. arriving at Bradford [illegible] p. m. Leave Bradford at 9 15 a. m. arriving at Olean 11 40 a. m.

KENDALL & ELDRED DIVISION

Eastward p m	Eastward p m	Eastward a m	STATIONS	Westward a m	Westward a m	Westward p m
[illegible]	4 08	10 56	ar Richburg lv	6 47	10 1[illegible]	[illegible]
7 11	4 11	10 51	Bolivar	6 [illegible]	[illegible]	3 17
5 5[illegible]	3 [illegible]	9 43	Eldred	7 49	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
5 [illegible]	2 48	8 56	Prentissvale	8 02	11 4[illegible]	[illegible]
5 [illegible]	2 43	8 [illegible]	Duke Centre	8 0[illegible]	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
5 [illegible]	[illegible]	8 50	Rixford	8 11	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 0[illegible]	2 19	8 31	Summit City	8 31	12 15	[illegible] 44
4 55	2 0[illegible]	8 17	Dallas	8 44	12 2[illegible]	[illegible]
4 45	1 5[illegible]	8 10	Sawyer	8 53	12 3[illegible]	[illegible]
4 40	1 50	8 0[illegible]	Lafferty	8 58	12 43	[illegible] 10
4 3[illegible]	1 45	8 00	Tarport	9 03	12 [illegible]	7 1[illegible]
4 3[illegible]	1 4[illegible]	[illegible] 55	lv Bradford ar	9 18	12 5[illegible]	7 20

BRADFORD & KINZUA DIVISION

Eastward p m	Eastward p m	Eastward a m	STATIONS.	Westward a m	Westward a m	Westward p m
8 00	3 25	11 3[illegible]	ar Bradford lv	7 00	10 00	4 [illegible]
7 42	2 59	11 1[illegible]	DeGolia	7 10	10 15	4 [illegible]
7 20	2 51	11 13	Custer City	7 2[illegible]	10 19	4 [illegible]
7 [illegible]	2 47	11 01	Song Bird	7 31	10 25	4 45
7 2[illegible]	2 35	10 5[illegible]	Elmwood	7 45	10 [illegible]	4 [illegible]
7 15	2 [illegible]	10 45	Marshburg	8 00	10 45	5 0[illegible]
6 5[illegible]	1 55	10 2[illegible]	Wildcat	8 25	11 00	5 2[illegible]
6 [illegible]	1 25	10 10	Morrisons	8 40	11 [illegible]	5 4[illegible]
6 [illegible]	1 15	10 01	Dew Drop	9 00	11 30	5 50
6 20	1 00	9 [illegible]	Kinzua	9 15	11 40	6 00

p m	p m	a m	via B.P.&W. RR.	a m	a m	p m
5 30		9 20	lv Warren ar	[illegible]	[illegible] 14	6 49
5 15		[illegible] 05	Irvineton	[illegible]	[illegible] 30	7 05
4 30		8 24	Tidioute	[illegible]	[illegible] 09	7 49
3 10		7 0[illegible]	Oil City	[illegible]	[illegible]	9 20
8 45		8 30	Pittsburg	[illegible]	[illegible]	7 50
a m		p m			p m	a m

ROCHESTER DIVISION

LEAVE ROCHESTER at 7 30 a.m. and 3.55 p m arriving at Olean [illegible] 35 p. m. and 9.17 p. m. LEAVE OLEAN at 7 05 a m, and 1.34 p m arriving at Rochester at 7 16 and 1[illegible] 10 p.m.

WM. S. BALDWIN, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Sup't.
J. W. WATSON, Sup't Narrow Gauge Divis'ns.

ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG R. R.

New Time Table, take effect Monday, Feb'y 17, 1884

ROCHESTER DIVISION

Eastward Acc	Eastward Mail	Eastward Exp	STATIONS. Eastern Time.	Westward Mail	Westward Exp	Westward Acc
a m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
9 35	9 10	11 35	ar Rochester lv	6 45	5 [illegible]	4 20
8 [illegible]	8 37	11 04	Scottsville	7 12	5 30	4 50
8 42	8 21	10 49	Mumford	7 2[illegible]	6 08	5 11
8 22	8 0[illegible]	10 3[illegible]	Leroy	7 42	6 25	5 35
8 00	7 41	[illegible] 12	Pavilion	8 00		5 [illegible]
7 45	7 28	10 00	lv Wyoming ar		6 32	6 13
	7 1[illegible]		ar lv	6 32		
7 30	7 05	9 48	Warsaw	8 24	7 05	6 [illegible]
7 10	6 49	9 33	Silver Lake Jun.	8 3[illegible]	[illegible]	6 49
a m	6 38	9 2[illegible]	Gainesville	8 40	7 31	
	6 25	9 14	Pike	8 [illegible]	7 40	
	6 12	9 01	Bliss	9 12	7 51	
	5 [illegible]	8 [illegible]	Farmersville	9 41	8 17	
	5 21	8 12	Machias	9 5[illegible]	[illegible]	
	4 55	7 47	Ashford	10 2[illegible]	8 50	
	4 41	7 30	Ellicottville	10 3[illegible]	8 [illegible]	
	4 20	7 15	Bradford Junc.	10 55	9 18	
	4 10	[illegible] 05	lv Salamanca ar	11 05	9 20	
	4 31	7 27	ar Salamanca lv	10 [illegible]	9 08	
	4 05	6 55	Carrollton	11 18	9 21	
	3 4[illegible]	6 45	Limestone	11 31	9 43	
	3 30	6 20	lv Bradford ar	11 50	9 [illegible]	
	2 49	6 05	ar Bradford lv	12 30	10 1[illegible]	
	2 [illegible]	5 34	Custer City	12 41	10 19	
	12 [illegible]	3 55	Johnsonburg Jun.	2 45	12 15	
	12 05	3 30	Ridgway	3 1[illegible]	12 [illegible]	
	11 41	3 10	Little Toby	3 [illegible]	12 [illegible]	
	11 11	2 43	Brockwayville	4 [illegible]	1 [illegible]	
	10 20	2 10	lv Falls Creek ar	4 20	2 10	
		1 50	ar Falls Creek lv		2 [illegible]	
	10 30	1 40	DuBois	4 49	2 [illegible]	
	10 05		Carlisle	[illegible]		
	10 [illegible]	1 14	Sykes	[illegible]	2 52	
	9 54		Cramer	[illegible] 20		
	9 41	12 55	Big Run	[illegible] 34	3 1[illegible]	
	9 30	12 44	Bells Mills	[illegible] 43		
	9 19	12 23	Punxsutawney	5 [illegible]	3 [illegible]	
	9 15	12 20	lv Clayville ar	6 00	3 [illegible]	
	a m	a m		p m	p m	
		8 30	lv Pittsburg ar		7 50	
		p m	Alleg'y Val R'd		a m	

This Train leaves Perry at 6 [illegible] a m., Gainesville [illegible] [illegible]

This train leaves Silver Lake Junc. [illegible] Gainesville [illegible]

BUFFALO DIVISION

Eastward Exp	Eastward Mail	Eastward Exp	STATIONS	Westward Mail	Westward Exp
p m		a m		a m	p m
7 30		10 05	Ar Buffalo Lv	6 0[illegible]	[illegible]
			William St. Dep		
7 02		9 30	Orchard Park	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 5[illegible]		9 14	West Falls	6 4[illegible]	[illegible]
6 38		9 09	Golden	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 13		8 31	Springville	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 4[illegible]		8 0[illegible]	West Valley	9 5[illegible]	[illegible]
5 32	4 5[illegible]	7 50	Ashford	10 10	10 2[illegible]
p m	p m	a		a m	a m

Trains leaving Buffalo make direct connections at Ashford with all trains on the Rochester Division for all points east and west on this line.

The Express trains connect at Buffalo with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. for points east, with L. S. & M. S. R. R., Michigan Central R. R., and Grand Trunk, for all points in Michigan and West; at Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for the west, and Erie R. R. for the east. The Express trains leaving Buffalo connect at Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O. and Erie railroads for points east and west, at Bradford with Narrow Gauge system for all points in Oil Regions; at Johnsonburg for all points on the P. & E. R. R. The afternoon Express from Buffalo connects at Falls Creek with A. V. R. R. for Pittsburgh and points east and west. Passengers from Pittsburgh for Buffalo and Rochester and intermediate stations, should take the Allegheny Valley R. R. train leaving Union depot, Pittsburgh at 8 20 p.m. Buffalo passengers take Belt Line R. R. for William Street depot.

Connections for east and west are made at Rochester with the New York Central & Hudson River R. R. and at Salamanca with the N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for Jamestown, Mansfield, Cincinnati, Chicago and the west, also with the Erie R. R. for Hornellsville, and eastern points; at Bradford with the Narrow Gauge System to all points in the oil regions, at Ridgway with P. & E. R. R. for Emporium, Williamsport, Philadelphia and Baltimore; at Falls Creek with Allegheny Valley R. R. for Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the west and south.

I. S. EMERY, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
JAS. T. GARDNER, Gen'l Superintendent.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Tuesday, May 13th, 1884.

Ar. Eastw'd A. M.	Ar. Eastw'd P. M.	STATIONS.	L'v Westw'd A. M.	L'v Westw'd P. M.
7.16	1.45	Coudersport	8.00	4.00
7.12	1.40	Hammonds	8.0[illegible]	4.0[illegible]
7.06	1.31	Olmsted	8.11	4.13
[illegible]	1.25	Nelsons	8.17	4.1[illegible]
[illegible]	1.14	Kaswitem	8.25	4.2[illegible]
6.44	1.06	Roulette	8.[illegible]	4.3[illegible]
6.40	1.00	Pomeroy Bridge	8.[illegible]	4.[illegible]
[illegible]	12.50	Burtville	8.46	4.[illegible]
6.26	12.44	Silver Spring	8.52	4.50
6.19	12.[illegible]	Coleman	8.56	4.57
6.15	12.30	Port Allegany	9.05	5.05

Trains run on eastern standard time.
—B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.